





# With advanced technology built in, these new



# Gentler on the environment

# Complies with European regulations that limit the use of specific hazardous substances (RoHS)

These inverters are gentle on the environment. Use of 6 hazardous substances is limited.(except for interior soldering in the power module.)

#### <Six Hazardous Substances>

Lead, Mercury, Cadmium, Hexavalent Chromium, Polybrominated biphenyl (PBB), Polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE)

#### <About RoHS>

The Directive 2002/95/EC, promulgated by the European Parliament and European Council, limits the use of specific hazardous substances included in electrical and electronic devices.



### Long-life design!

The design life of each internal component with limited life has been extended to 10 years. This helps to extend the maintenance cycle for your equipment.

Limited Life Component	Service Life
Main circuit capacitors	10 years
Electrolytic capacitors on the printed circuit board	10 years
Cooling fan	10 years

Conditions: Ambient temperature is 40°C and load factor is 80% of the inverter's rated current.

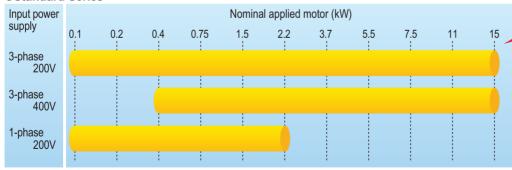
# Noise is reduced by the built-in EMC filter.

Use of a built-in EMC filter that reduces noise generated by the inverter makes it possible to reduce the effect on peripheral equipment.



# Expanded capacity range and abundant model variation

# Standard Series



Capacity expanded to 15kW

#### Semi-Standard type

•EMC filter built-in type

#### Option card

- •PG interface card (5V type)(12V type)
- •RS-485 communication card
- ·Synchronized operation card
- Device Net card
- PROFIBUS-DP card
- •DIO card
- CC-Link card











# Variation

# inverters can be used for multiple purposes!

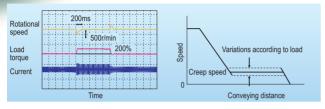


# The highest standards of control and performance in its class

# ss .

## Shortened setting time in slip compensation control

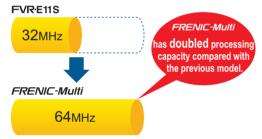
Through "slip compensation control" + "voltage tuning," speed control accuracy at low speeds is improved. This minimizes variations in speed control accuracy at times when the load varies, and since the time at creep speeds is shortened, single cycle tact times can be shortened.



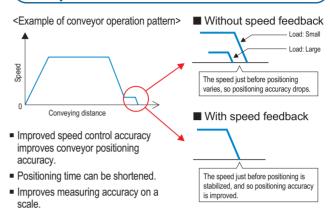
# Equipped with the highest level CPU for its class!

The highest level CPU of any inverter is used. Computation and processing capacity is doubled over the previous inverter, improving speed control accuracy.

●CPU speed comparison

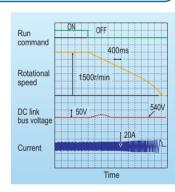


### Compatible with PG feedback control



## Tripless deceleration by automatic deceleration control

The inverter controls the energy level generated and the deceleration time, and so deceleration stop can be accomplished without tripping due to overvoltage.



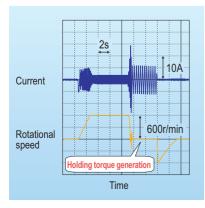


# Optimum for the operations specific to vertical and horizontal conveyance

## Hit-and-stop control is realized more easily!

Impacts are detected mechanically and not only can the inverter's operation pattern be set on coast-to-stop or deceleration stop, but switching from torque limitation to current limitation and generating a holding torque (hit-and-stop control) can be selected, making it easy to adjust brake

application and release timing.



### Inclusion of a brake signal makes it even more convenient.

#### ■ At brake release time

After the motor operates, torque generation is detected and signals are output.

#### ■ At brake application time

Brake application that matches the timing can be done, and so mechanical brake wear is reduced.

### Limit operations can be selected to match your equipment!

Inverters are equipped with two limit operations, "torque limitation" and "current limitation," so either can be selected to match the equipment you are using the inverter with.

#### ■ Torque limitation

In order to protect mechanical systems, this function accurately limits the torque generated by the motor. (Instantaneous torque cannot be limited.)

#### ■ Current limitation

This function limits the current flowing to the motor to protect the motor thermally or to provide rough load limitation. (Instantaneous current cannot be limited. Auto tuning is not required.)



# Simple and thorough maintenance

### The life information on each of the inverter's limited life components is displayed.

Main circuit capacitor capacity

Cumulative running time of the electrolytic capacitor on the printed circuit board.



Cooling fan cumulative running time

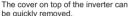
Inverter cumulative running time

## Simple cooling fan replacement!

Construction is simple, enabling quick removal of the top cover and making it easy to replace the cooling fan. (5.5kW or higher models)

### Cooling fan replacement procedure







Simply disconnect the power connector and replace the cooling

### Information that contributes to equipment maintenance is displayed!

In addition to inverter maintenance information, data that also take equipment maintenance into consideration are displayed.

Item	Purpose
Motor cumulative running time (hr)	The actual cumulative running time of the equipment (motor) the inverter is being used with is calculated.  Example of use> If the inverter is used to control a fan, this information is an indication of the timing for replacing the belt that is used on the pulleys.
Number of starts (times)	The number of times the inverter starts and stops can be counted. <a href="#">Example of use&gt;</a> The number of equipment starts and stops is recorded, and so this information can be used as a guideline for parts replacement timing in equipment in which starting and stopping puts a heavy load on the machinery.

## The alarm history records the latest four incidents.

Detailed information can be checked for the four most recent alarms.



# Simple operation, simple connection

# A removable keypad is standard equipment.

The keypad can be easily removed and reset, making remote operation possible. If the back cover packed with the inverter is installed and a LAN cable is used, the keypad can be easily mounted on the equipment's control panel.



# A removable interface card is adapted.

Wiring is quite easy because the interface card can be attached and detached as a terminal base for control signals.



The following option cards are available.

Option card names	Installation method
RS-485 communication card	Built in the inverter (replaced with the standard interface card)
PG interface card (for 5V)	Built in the inverter (replaced with the standard interface card)
PG interface card (for 12V)	Built in the inverter (replaced with the standard interface card)
CC-Link card	Front installation type
DeviceNet card	Front installation type
DIO card	Front installation type
SY (synchronized operation) card	Front installation type
PROFIBUS-DP card	Front installation type

Note) The inverter that can be used with the SY card includes special specifications. When ordering the SY card, please order together with the inverter in a set.

### A multi-function keypad which enables a wide variety of operations is available.

A multi-function keypad is available as an option. This keypad features a large 7-segment LED with five digits and large back-lighted liquid crystal panel. Its view-ability is high, and guidance is displayed on the liquid crystal panel, therefore operations can be conducted simply. (A copy function is included.)



# Inverter support loader software is available.

Windows compatible loader software is available to simplify the setting and management of function codes.



### Simulated failure enables peripheral device operation checks.

The inverter has the function for outputting dummy alarm signals, enabling simple checking of sequence operations of peripheral devices from the control panel where the inverter is used.



# Consideration of peripheral equipment, and a full range of protective functions!



# Side-by-side mounting saves space!

If your control panel is designed to use multiple inverters, these inverters make it possible to save space through their horizontal side-by-side installation. (3.7kW or smaller models)



(The 3-phase 200V, 0.75kW model is shown here.)

# Resistors for suppressing inrush current are built in, making it possible to reduce the capacity of peripheral equipment.

When FRENIC-Multi Series (including FRENIC-Mini Series, FRENIC-Eco Series and 11 Series) is used, the built-in resistor suppresses the inrush current generated when the motor starts. Therefore, it is possible to select peripheral equipment with lower capacity when designing your system than the equipment needed for direct connection to the motor.

# Outside panel cooling is also made possible using the mounting adapter for external cooling (option).

The mounting adapter for external cooling (option) can be installed easily as an outside panel cooling system.



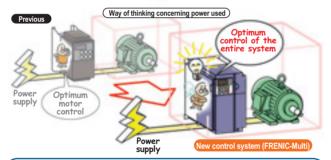
# You can use an inverter equipped with functions like these



First time in the industry

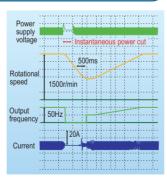
### New system for more energy-efficient operation!

Previous energy saving operation functions worked only to control the motor's loss to keep it at a minimum in accordance with the load condition. In the newly developed FRENIC-Multi Series, the focus has been switched away from the motor alone to both the motor and the inverter as electrical products. As a result, we incorporated a new control system (optimum and minimum power control) that minimizes the power consumed by the inverter itself (inverter loss) and the loss of the motor.



# Smooth starts through the pick-up function

In the case where a fan is not being run by the inverter but is turning free, the fan's speed is checked, regardless of its rotational direction, and operation of the fan is picked up to start the fan smoothly. This function is convenient in such cases as when switching instantaneously from commercial power supply to the inverter.



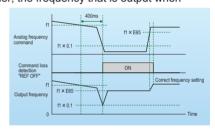
# Equipped with a full range of PID control functions!

Differential alarm and absolute value alarm outputs have been added for PID adjusters which carry out process controls such as temperature, pressure and flow volume control. In addition, an anti-reset windup function to prevent PID control overshoot and other PID control functions which can be adjusted easily through PID output limiter, integral hold/reset signals are provided. The PID output limiter and integral hold/reset signals can also be used in cases where the inverter is used for dancer control.

### Operating signal trouble is avoided by the command loss detection function!

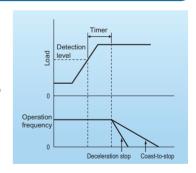
If frequency signals connected to the inverter (0 to 10V, 4 to 20mA, Multi-speed signals, communications, etc.) are interrupted, the missing frequency commands are detected as a "command loss." Further, the frequency that is output when

command loss occurs can be set in advance, so operation can be continued even in cases where the frequency signal lines are cut due to mechanical vibrations of the equipment, etc.



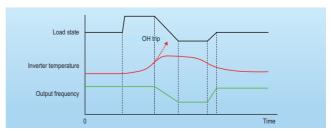
### An overload stop function protects equipment from over-operation!)

If the load on equipment suddenly becomes great while controlled by the inverter, the inverter can be switched to deceleration stop or to coast-to-stop operation to prevent damage to the equipment.



### Continuous equipment operation with overload avoidance control!

If foreign matter gets wrapped around a fan or pulley and the load increases, resulting in a sudden temperature rise in the inverter or an abnormal rise in the ambient temperature, etc. and the inverter becomes overloaded, it reduces the motor's speed, reducing the load and continuing operation.





# Fully compatible with network operation

### RS-485 communications (connector) is standard!

A connector (RJ-45) that is compatible with RS-485 communications is standard equipment (1 port, also used for keypad communications), so the inverter can be connected easily using a LAN cable (10BASE).



# Complies with optional networks using option cards.

Installation of special interface cards (option) makes it possible to connect to the following networks.

DeviceNet

•PROFIBUS-DP

•CC-Link

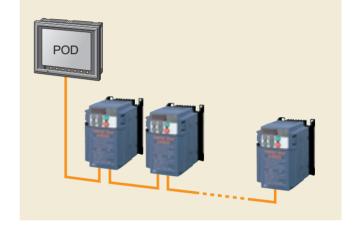
# Wiring is easy with the RS-485 communications card (optional)!

The RS-485 communications card is also available as an option. When it is installed, you can add a branch connection that is separate from the communications port provided as standard equipment (RJ-45 connector), and have two communications ports.



#### **■** Important Points

- (1) A separate branch adaptor is not required because of two ports.
- (2) The built-in terminal ting resistor makes provision of a separate terminal ting resistor unnecessary.
- Example of connection configuration with peripheral equipment





# Global compatibility





- Complies with standards
- Sink/Source switchable
- Wide voltage range
- The multi-function keypad displays multiple languages (Japanese, English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Korean).
  - \* This product supports multiple languages such as Japanese, English, German, French, Spanish and Italian. Another multiple language version is also available, which supports Japanese, English, Chinese, Korean and simplified Chinese. (Contact us for the detail separately.)



Safety **Precautions** 

- Use the contents of this catalog only for selecting product types and models. When using a product, read the Instruction Manual beforehand to use the product correctly.
   Products introduced in this catalog have not been designed or manufactured for such applications in a system or equipment that will affect human bodies or lives. Customers, who want to use the products introduced in this catalog for special systems or devices such as for atomic-energy control, aerospace use, medical use, and traffic control, are requested to consult the Fuji's Sales Division. Customers are requested to prepare safety measures when they apply the products introduced in this catalog to such systems or facilities that will affect human lives or cause severe damage to property if the products become faulty.



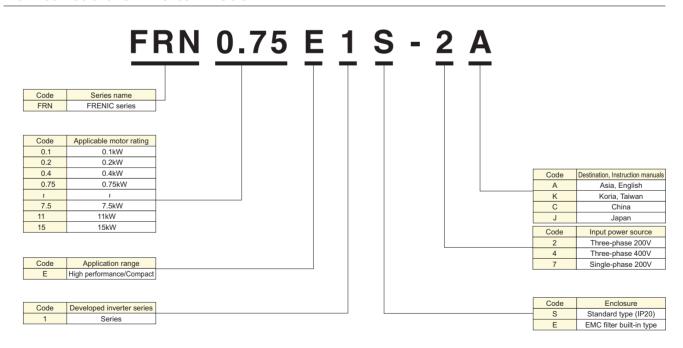
# **Variation**

### **Model List**

	Standard type		Semi-standard ty EMC filter built-in t	
Applicable motor rating (kW)	Three-phase 200V series Three-phase 400V series	Single-phase 200V series	Three-phase 200V series Three-phase 400V series	Single-phase 200V series
0.1	FRN0.1E1S-2	FRN0.1E1S-7	FRN0.1E1E-2	FRN0.1E1E-7
0.2	FRN0.2E1S-2	FRN0.2E1S-7	FRN0.2E1E-2	FRN0.2E1E-7
0.4	FRN0.4E1S-2 FRN0.4E1S-4	FRN0.4E1S-7	FRN0.4E1E-2 FRN0.4E1E-4	FRN0.4E1E-7
0.75	FRN0.75E1S-2 FRN0.75E1S-4	FRN0.75E1S-7	FRN0.75E1E-2 FRN0.75E1E-4	FRN0.75E1E-7
1.5	FRN1.5E1S-2 FRN1.5E1S-4	FRN1.5E1S-7	FRN1.5E1E-2 FRN1.5E1E-4	FRN1.5E1E-7
2.2	FRN2.2E1S-2 FRN2.2E1S-4	FRN2.2E1S-7	FRN2.2E1E-2 FRN2.2E1E-4	FRN2.2E1E-7
3.7	FRN3.7E1S-2 FRN3.7E1S-4		FRN3.7E1E-2 FRN3.7E1E-4	
5.5	FRN5.5E1S-2 FRN5.5E1S-4		FRN5.5E1E-2 FRN5.5E1E-4	
7.5	FRN7.5E1S-2 FRN7.5E1S-4		FRN7.5E1E-2 FRN7.5E1E-4	
11	FRN11E1S-2 FRN11E1S-4		FRN11E1E-2 FRN11E1E-4	
15	FRN15E1S-2 FRN15E1S-4		FRN15E1E-2 FRN15E1E-4	

<sup>\*</sup> The code in ☐ represents followings; A(Asia), K(Korea, Taiwan) , C(China), J(Japan)

### How to read the inverter model





Caution The contents of this catalog are provided to help you select the product model that is best for you. Before actual use, be sure to read the User's Manual thoroughly to assure correct operation.

# **Specifications**

# Standard type

### ■Three-phase 200V series

	Item						Sp	ecification	าร				
Тур	e (FRN□□□E1S-2A/K/C/J)		0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
App	olicable motor rating [kW] (*1)		0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
S	Rated capacity [kVA] (*2)		0.30	0.57	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.1	6.4	9.5	12	17	22
ing	Rated voltage [V] (*3)		Three-phase 200V to 240V (with AVR function)										
utput ratings	Rated current [A] (*4)		0.8 (0.7)	1.5 (1.4)	3.0 (2.5)	5.0 (4.2)	8.0 (7.0)	11 (10)	17 (16.5)	25 (23.5)	33 (31)	47 (44)	60 (57)
율	Overload capability		150% of	rated cur	rent for 1n	nin, 200%	- 0.5s						
0	Rated frequency [Hz]		50, 60H	Z									
<u>_</u>	Phases, voltage, frequency		Three-phase, 200 to 240V, 50/60Hz										
power	Voltage/frequency variations		Voltage: +10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance (*8): 2% or less) Frequency: +5 to -5%										
<u>a</u>	Rated current IAI (*9)	(with DCR)	0.57	0.93	1.6	3.0	5.7	8.3	14.0	21.1	28.8	42.2	57.6
Input		(without DCR)	1.1	1.8	3.1	5.3	9.5	13.2	22.2	31.5	42.7	60.7	80
드	Required power supply capac	ity [kVA] (*5)	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.1	2.0	2.9	4.9	7.4	10	15	20
D	Torque [%] (*6)		15	50	1	00	70	4	0		2	0	
Braking	Torque [%] (*7)		-	-					150				
sra	DC injection braking		Starting	frequency	/: 0.1 to 60	0.0Hz, Bra	king time:	0.0 to 30.0	s, Braking	level: 0 to	100% of	rated curre	ent
1 ш	Braking transistor		Built-in										
App	olicable safety standards		UL508C	, C22.2Nc	.14, EN50	178:1997							
End	closure (IEC60529)		IP20, UI	open typ	е								
Cod	oling method		Natural	cooling			Fan coo	ing					
We	ight / Mass [kg]		0.6	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.7	1.7	2.3	3.4	3.6	6.1	7.1

### ■Three-phase 400V series

	ii cc-piiasc <del>1</del> 00 v st	31100										
	Item					S	pecification	s				
Тур	e (FRN E1S-4A/K/C/J)		0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	
App	olicable motor rating [kW] (*1)	0.4	0.4         0.75         1.5         2.2         3.7         5.5         7.5         11						11	15		
gs	Rated capacity [kVA] (*2)		1.1	1.9	2.8	4.1	6.8	9.9	13	18	22	
l ifi	Rated capacity [kVA] (*2)  Rated voltage [V] (*3)  Rated current [A] (*4)  Overload capability  Rated frequency [Hz]			Three-phase 380V to 480V (with AVR function)								
1 4	Rated current [A] (*4)		1.5	2.5	3.7	5.5	9.0	13	18	24	30	
귤	Overload capability		150% of ra	ated current	for 1min, 200	0% - 0.5s						
ГÕ	Rated frequency [Hz]		50, 60Hz									
<u></u>	Phases, voltage, frequency		Three-pha	se, 380 to 4	80V, 50/60H	Z						
power	Voltage/frequency variations		Voltage: +10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance (*8): 2% or less) Frequency: +5 to -5%									
l g	Poted ourront [A] (*0)	(with DCR)	0.85	1.6	3.0	4.4	7.3	10.6	14.4	21.1	28.8	
Input	Rated current [A] (*9)	(without DCR)	1.7	3.1	5.9	8.2	13.0	17.3	23.2	33.0	43.8	
=	Required power supply capac	city [kVA] (*5)	0.6	1.1	2.0	2.9	4.9	7.4	10	15	20	
	Torque [%] (*6)		10	00	70	4	10		2	0		
Braking	Torque [%] (*7)						150					
ā	DC injection braking		Starting fr	equency: 0.1	l to 60.0Hz, l	Braking time	0.0 to 30.0s	s, Braking lev	vel: 0 to 100°	% of rated cu	rrent	
m	Braking transistor		Built-in									
App	olicable safety standards		UL508C, 0	C22.2No.14,	EN50178:19	997						
End	closure (IEC60529)		IP20, UL d	pen type								
Cod	oling method		Natural co	oling	Fan cooli	ng						
We	ight / Mass [kg]		1.1	1.2	1.7	1.7	2.3	3.4	3.6	6.1	7.1	

### ■Single-phase 200V series

	Item				Specificat	ions				
Тур	oe (FRN DE1S-7A/K/C/J)		0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
Apı	olicable motor rating [kW] (*1)		0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
S	Rated capacity [kVA] (*2)		0.3	0.57	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.1		
ing	Rated voltage [V] (*3)		Three-phase 200V to 240V (with AVR function)							
Output rating	Rated current [A] (*4)		0.8 (0.7)	1.5 (1.4)	3.0 (2.5)	5.0 (4.2)	8.0 (7.0)	11 (10)		
ţ,	Overload capability		150% of rated cu	irrent for 1min, 200	0% - 0.5s					
0	Rated frequency [Hz]		50, 60Hz							
Į.	Phases, voltage, frequency	Single-phase, 200 to 240V, 50/60Hz								
Input power	Voltage/frequency variations	Voltage: +10 to -10%, Frequency: +5 to -5%								
ă	Rated current [A] (*9)	(with DCR)	1.1	2.0	3.5	6.4	11.6	17.5		
pnl		(without DCR)	1.8	3.3	5.4	9.7	16.4	24.8		
드	Required power supply capac	city [kVA] (*5)	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.3	2.4	3.5		
D	Torque [%] (*6)		15	0	10	00	70	40		
Braking	Torque [%] (*7)		-	_		15	50			
g	DC injection braking		Starting frequence	cy: 0.1 to 60.0Hz, I	Braking level: 0 to	100% of rated curre	ent, Braking time: 0.	0 to 30.0s		
ш	Braking transistor		Built-in							
App	olicable safety standards		UL508C, C22.2No.14, EN50178:1997							
End	closure (IEC60529)		IP20, UL open ty	ре						
Co	oling method		Natural cooling				Fan cooling			
We	ight / Mass [kg]		0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.8	2.4		

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Fuji's 4-pole standard motor

(\*2) Rated capacity is calculated by assuming the output rated voltage as 220V for three-phase 200V series and 440V for three-phase 400V series.

(\*3) Output voltage cannot exceed the power supply voltage.

(\*4) When setting the carrier frequency (F26) to 3 kHz or less. Use the current ( ) or below when the carrier frequency setting is higher than 4kHz and continuously operating at 100%.

(\*5) Obtained when a DC REACTOR is used.

(\*6) Average braking torque obtained when reducing the speed from 60Hz with AVR control OFF (Varies with the efficiency of the motor.)

(\*7) Average braking torque obtained by use of external braking resistor (standard type available as option)

(\*8) Voltage unbalance [%] = Max voltage [V] - Min voltage [V] = Three-phase average voltage [V] = Min volt



# Semi-standard type

# **EMC** filter built-in type

### ■Three-phase 200V series(0.1 to 15kW)

	Item			Specifications										
Тур	Type (FRNE1E-2A/K/C/J)  Nominal applied motor [kWi (*1)			0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
Nor	Nominal applied motor [kW] (*1)  σ Rated capacity [kVA] (*2)			0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
St	Rated capa	city [kVA] (*2)		0.30	0.57	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.1	6.4	9.5	12	17	22
l ii	Rated capacity [kVA] ('2) Rated voltage [V] (*3) Rated current [A] (*4) Overload capability			Three-phase 200 to 240V (with AVR)										
rat	Rated curre	nt [A] /*/)		0.8	1.5	3.0	5.0	8.0	11	17	25	33	47	60
t t	Rated curre	III [A] ( 4)		(0.7)	(1.4)	(2.5)	(4.2)	(7.0)	(10)	(16.5)	(23.5)	(31)	(44)	(57)
함				150% of	rated cur	rent for 1n	nin or 2009	% of rated	current for	r 0.5s				
0	O Rated frequency [Hz]			50, 60H	Z									
SC					hase, 200									
Input ratings	Voltage/freq	uency variations	3	Voltage: +10 to -15% (Voltage unbalance : 2% or less (*7)) Frequency: +5 to -5%										
<u>a</u>	Rated curre	nt [A] /*Q)	(with DCR)	0.57	0.93	1.6	3.0	5.7	8.3	14.0	21.1	28.8	42.2	57.6
l ä	Nateu curre	iii [A] ( 0)	(without DCR)	1.1	1.8	3.1	5.3	9.5	13.2	22.2	31.5	42.7	60.7	80
	Required po	wer supply capa	acity [kVA] (*5)	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.1	2.0	2.9	4.9	7.4	10	15	20
ng	Torque [%] (	*6)		15	50	10	00	70	4	0		2	0	
Braking	DC injection	braking		Starting	frequency	r: 0.0 to 60	0.0Hz, Bral	king time:	0.0 to 30.0	s, Braking	level: 0 to	100%		
B	Braking tran	sistor		Built-in										
App	olicable safety	standards		UL508C	, C22.2Nc	.14(pendi	ng), EN50	178:1997						
End	closure			IP20(IE	C60529)/U	L open ty	pe(UL50)							
Cod	Cooling method			Natural				Fan coo	ling					
EM	EMC standard Emission Immunity				A (EN5501						2nd Env.	(EN6180	0-3:1996+	A11:2000)
con				2nd Env	. (EN6180	0-3:1996/	A11:2000)							
We	ight / Mass [k	g]		0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	2.4	2.4	2.9	5.1	5.3	10.3	11.3

### ■Three-phase 400V series (0.4 to 15kW)

		Item	_				S	pecification	S			
Тур	e (FRN□□□	□E1E-4A/K/C/J	)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
Nor	minal applied r	notor [kW] (*1)		0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15
gs	Rated capac	ity [kVA] (*2)		1.1	1.9	2.8	4.1	6.8	9.9	13	18	22
Output ratings	Rated voltag	e [V] (*3)		Three-pha	se 380 to 48	0V (with AVF	₹)					
rt L	Rated currer	nt [A] (*4)		1.5	2.5	3.7	5.5	9.0	13	18	24	30
l dtn	Overload ca	pability			ated current	for 1min or 2	00% of rate	d current for	0.5s			
0	Rated freque	ency [Hz]		50, 60Hz								
Sc	Phases, volt	age, frequency				80V, 50/60H						
ratings	Voltage/frequ	3			/oltage unba		. ,,,,					
<u>a</u>	Rated currer	s+ ΓΛ1 /*Q\	(with DCR)	0.85	1.6	3.0	4.4	7.3	10.6	14.4	21.1	28.8
Input	Rated currer	IL [A] ( O)	(without DCR)	1.7	3.1	5.9	8.2	13.0	17.3	23.2	33.0	43.8
	Required por	wer supply capa	acity [kVA] (*5)	0.6	1.1	2.0	2.9	4.9	7.4	10	15	20
Braking	Torque [%] (	*6)			00	70		10			.0	
aki	DC injection	braking			equency: 0.0	) to 60.0Hz, I	Braking time	: 0.0 to 30.0s	s, Braking le	vel: 0 to 100°	%	
	Braking trans			Built-in								
App	olicable safety	standards				(pending), El		7				
End	closure			IP20 (IEC	60529)/UL o	pen type (UL	.50)	,				
Coc	oling method			Natural co	oling	Fan cooli	ng					
EM		Emission				98/A1:1999)			2nd Env. (I	EN61800-3:1	996+A11:20	00)
con	npliance	Immunity		2nd Env. (	EN61800-3:	1996/A11:20	00)					
Wei	ight / Mass [ko	]		1.5	1.6	2.5	2.5	3.0	4.8	5.0	8.1	9.1

### ■Single-phase 200V series(0.1 to 2.2kW)

	Item				Specificat	ions				
Тур	e (FRN□□□E1E-7A/K/0	C/J)	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
Nor	minal applied motor [kW] (*	1)	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2		
S	Rated capacity [kVA] (*2)		0.3	0.57	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.1		
ii.	Rated voltage [V] (*3)		Three-phase 200	to 240V (with AVF	₹)					
utput ratings	Rated current [A] (*4)		0.8 (0.7)	1.5 (1.4)	3.0 (2.5)	5.0 (4.2)	8.0 (7.0)	11 (10)		
1 븀	Overload capability		150% of rated cu	irrent for 1min or 2	00% of rated curre	nt for 0.5s				
0	Rated frequency [Hz]		50, 60Hz							
Sc	Phases, voltage, frequence		Single-phase, 20	0 to 240V, 50/60H	Z					
Input ratings	Voltage/frequency variation	Voltage: +10 to -10%, Frequency: +5 to -5%								
2	Rated current [A] (*8)	(with DCR)	1.1	2.0	3.5	6.4	11.6	17.5		
g	,	(without DCR)	1.8	3.3	5.4	9.7	16.4	24.8		
<u> </u>	Required power supply ca	apacity [kVA] (*5)	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.3	2.4	3.5		
Braking	Torque [%] (*6)			150 100 70 40						
<del> </del>	DC injection braking			cy: 0.0 to 60.0Hz, E	Braking time: 0.0 to	30.0s, Braking lev	el: 0 to 100%			
	Braking transistor		Built-in							
	olicable safety standards		UL508C, C22.2No.14 (pending),EN50178:1997							
	closure		IP20 (IEC60529)	/UL open type (UL	50)					
Coc	oling method		Natural cooling Fan cooling							
	C standard Emission			)11:1998/A1:1999)						
	npliance Immunity		2nd Env. (EN618	300-3:1996/A11:20	00)					
Wei	ight / Mass [kg]		0.7	0.7	0.8	1.3	2.5	3.0		

<sup>\*1)</sup> Fuji's 4-pole standard motor
\*2) Rated capacity is calculated by regarding the output rated voltage as 220V for three-phase 200V series.
\*3) Output voltage cannot exceed the power supply voltage.
\*4) The load shall be reduced so that the continuous operating current is the rated current in parenthesis or less if the carrier frequency is set to 4kHz or above.
\*5) Obtained when a DC REACTOR is used.
\*6) Average braking torque when a motor of no load decelerates.(Varies with the efficiency of the motor.)

<sup>\*7)</sup> Voltage unbalance [%] = Max. voltage [V] - Min. voltage [V] x 67 (IEC61800-3(5.2.3))

If this value is 2 to 3%, use an AC REACTOR.

<sup>\*8)</sup> The currents are calculated on the condition that the inverters are connected to power supply of 500kVA, %X=5%.

# Specifications

# Common specifications

		Item		Explanation	Remarks	Related function cod
		Maximum frequency		variable setting		F03
	range	Base frequency		variable setting		F04
	ng ra	Starting frequency  Carrier frequency		Iz variable setting, Duration: 0.0 to 10.0s	Frequency may drop automatically to protect the	F23,F24 F26
5	Setting	Carrier frequency	U.75 IO 15KI	12 Variable Setting	inverter depending on environmental	F27
Output irequency	0)			· ·	temperature and output current. This protective operation can be canceled by function code H98.	H98
i ed	۸	(Ctability)	- ^	tion 10.20/ of manifesture for many (at 25.140°C)	operation can be canceled by function code rise.	
indir	ACC	curacy (Stability)		tting: ±0.2% of maximum frequency (at 25±10°C) tting: ±0.01% of maximum frequency (at -10 to +50°C)		
5	Set	ting resolution	Analog se	tting: 1/3000 of maximum frequency (ex. 0.02Hz at 60Hz, 0.4Hz at 120Hz)		
				tting: 0.01Hz (99.99Hz or less), 0.1Hz (100.0Hz or more) g: Selectable from 2 types	Setting with and keys	
			• LIIK SELIII	1/2000 of maximum frequency (ex. 0.003Hz at 60Hz, 0.006Hz at 120Hz)		
				• 0.01Hz (fixed)		
		ntrol method	V/f control • Dy	namic torque-vector control (magnetic flux estimator) • V/f control (with sensor, when the PG interface card (option) is installed)		
	Vol	tage/freq. characteristic		set output voltage at base frequency and at maximum output frequency (common spec).	Three-phase 200V, single-phase 200V: 80 to 240V Three-phase 400V: 160 to 500V	F03 to F06
		(Non-linear V/f setting)		I can be turned ON or OFF (Factory setting: OFF). sired voltage and frequency can be set.)	Three-phase and single-phase 200V: 0 to 240V/0 to 400Hz	H50 to H53
		(Norminear V/1 Setting)	2 points (De	siled voltage and frequency can be set.)	Three-phase 400V: 0 to 500V/0 to 400Hz	1100 10 1100
	Tor	que boost	Torque boo	st can be set with the function code F09.	Set when 0, 1, 3, or 4 is selected at F37.	F09, F37
		(Load selection)		cation load type with the function code F37.		F09, F37
				l variable torque load It torque load		
			2: Auto tor			
				ergy-save operation (variable torque load in deceleration)		
				ergy-save operation (constant torque load) ergy-save operation (auto torque boost)		
ŀ	Sta	rting torque		er (Auto torque boost in 0.5Hz operation, slip compensation and auto torque boost)		H68, F37
İ		rt/stop	Keypad	Start and stop with RUN and STOP keys	Keypad (standard)	F02
			operation		Multi-function keypad	F02
			S	Start and stop with [WD] / (REV) and (STOP) keys	widiti-function keypad	102
				nals (7digital inputs): FWD (REV), RUN, STOP commands (3 wire operation possible),		E01 to E05
				oast-to-stop, external alarm, alarm reset, etc. ation: Operation through RS-485 or field buss (option) communications		E98, E99 H30, y98
				ration command: Link switching, switching between communication and inverter (keypad or external signals)		1100, 900
Ì	Fre	quency setting			With data protection	F01, C30
			Key operation	on: Can be set with and keys		
			External vol	ume: Can be set with external potentiometer (1 to 5kΩ1/2W)	Connected to analog input terminals 13, 12,	
			A = =   = =   = = =	Analog input can be set with external voltage/current input	and 11. Potentiometer must be provided.	F40, 0F0
			Analog inpu	• 0 to ±10V DC (0 to ±5V DC)/0 to ±100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2))	0 to +5V DC can be used depending on the analog input gain (200%). +1 to +5V DC can	F18, C50, C32 to C34,
				• +4 to +20mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)	be adjusted with bias and analog input gain.	C37 to C39,
					<ul> <li>Voltage can be input (terminal V2) to the terminal 1.</li> </ul>	C42 to C44
					terrinia i.	
				equency: Selectable from 16 steps (step 0 to 15)		C05 to C19
				operation: Frequency can be increased or decreased while the digital input signal is ON.		F01, C30 H30, y98
ē				ation: Frequency can be set through RS-485 or field buss (optional) communications.  quency setting: Frequency setting can be switched (2 settings) with external signal (digital input).		F01, C30
Contro				witching to frequency setting via communication and multi-frequency setting are available.		1 01, 000
				quency setting: Terminal 12 input and terminal C1 input (terminal V2 input) can be added		E61 to E63
				main setting as auxiliary frequency.		0.50
			I Inverse ope	ration: Normal/inverse operation can be set or switched with digital input signal and		
						C53
			fı •	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2))		C55
			fu	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)		C53
			Pulse train i	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency	When the PG interface card (optional) is installed.	
	Acc	celeration/deceleration time	Pulse train i	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency	When the PG interface card (optional) is installed.	F07, F08
	Acc	celeration/deceleration time	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 *If 0.00s is s	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency	When the PG interface card (optional) is installed.	
	Acc	celeration/deceleration time	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 *If 0.00s is s according t	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1) nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  Is et, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made	When the PG interface card (optional) is installed.	
-	Acc		Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 *If 0.00s is s according t Acceleration a	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  ls et, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made the pattern given with an external signal.  Ind deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  In and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types:	When the PG interface card (optional) is installed.	F07, F08
-	Acc		Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 *If 0.00s is s according t Acceleration Acceleration	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  set, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made of the pattern given with an external signal.  nd deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear	When the PG interface card (optional) is installed.	F07, F08 E10,E11 H07
		(Curve)	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 "If 0.00s is s according t Acceleration Acceleration L Deceleration	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency bs et, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made the pattern given with an external signal.  nd deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point). and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear n with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.		F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11
	Fre		Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 "If 0.00s is s according t Acceleration Acceleration L Deceleration	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  set, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made of the pattern given with an external signal.  nd deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear	When the PG interface card (optional) is installed.  If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.	F07, F08 E10,E11 H07
	Fre	(Curve) quency limiter per limit and lower limit frequencies)	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 *If 0.00s is s according t Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency bs et, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made the pattern given with an external signal.  nd deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point). and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear n with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63
	Fre (Up	(Curve) quency limiter per limit and lower limit frequencies) s	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 *If 0.00s is s according t Acceleration Acceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi	unction code setting.  +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2))  +20 to +4mA DC/D to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  Is  tet, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made  to the pattern given with an external signal.  Ind deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  In and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: Inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  In with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  w Il imiters can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63
	Fre (Up Bias	(Curve) quency limiter per limit and lower limit frequencies) s	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 "If 0.00 is s according t Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi Analog inpu	unction code setting. +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  set, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made the pattern given with an external signal.  nd deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  n with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  w limiters can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  requency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  It gain can be set between 0 and 200%.	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44
	Fre (Up Bia: Gai	(Curve) quency limiter pper limit and lower limit frequencies) s in np frequency	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 **if 0.00s is s according t Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi Analog inpu	unction code setting.  +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/D to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  let, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made to the pattern given with an external signal.  nd deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  n with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  w limiters can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  requency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  It gain can be set between 0 and 200%.  tion points and their common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set.	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04
	Fre (Up Bia: Gai Jun Tim	(Curve)  quency limiter pper limit and lower limit frequencies) s in np frequency ner operation	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600* if 0.00 s is s according t Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi Analog inpu Three opera	unction code setting.  +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2))  +20 to +4mA DC/D to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  Is  tet, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made  to the pattern given with an external signal.  Ind deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  In and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types:  Inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  In with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  In with coasting can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  requency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  It gain can be set between 0 and 200%.  It ion points and their common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set.  Operates and stops for the time set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04  C21
	Fre (Up Bia: Gai Jun Tim	(Curve) quency limiter pper limit and lower limit frequencies) s in np frequency	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600* if 0.00 s is s according t Acceleration Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi Analog inpu Three opera Can be op Acceleration	unction code setting.  +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2))  +20 to +4mA DC/D to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  let, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made  to the pattern given with an external signal.  nd deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  in with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  w limiters can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  requency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  It gain can be set between 0 and 200%.  tion points and their common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set.  operates and stops for the time set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  retarted using digital input signal or keypad.  In and deceleration time (same duration used only for jogging) can be set.	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04
	Fre (Up Bia: Gai Jun Tim	(Curve)  quency limiter pper limit and lower limit frequencies) s in np frequency ner operation	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600* if 0.00 s is s according t Acceleration Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi Analog inpu Three opera Can be op Acceleration	unction code setting.  1-10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2))  1-20 to 1-4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  Input: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  2-20 to 1-4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  Input: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  2-20 tet, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made  2-20 the pattern given with an external signal.  Ind deceleration pattern can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  In and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types:  Innear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  In with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  In with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  In with coasting can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  In equency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  It gain can be set between 0 and 200%.  It contains the first common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set.  In operates and stops for the time set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04  C21  H54
	Fre (Up Bia: Gai Jun Tim Jog	(Curve)  quency limiter pper limit and lower limit frequencies) s in np frequency her operation gging operation o-restart after momentary	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600** if 0.00s is s according t Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi Analog inpu Three opera The inverter • Can be op • Acceleratio • Jogging fr • Restarts th	unction code setting.  +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/D to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  list, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made to the pattern given with an external signal.  Ind deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  In and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: Innear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  In with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  In with coasting can be set, (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  requency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  It gain can be set between 0 and 200%.  It on points and their common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set.  Operates and stops for the time set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18,C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04  C21  H54  C20  F14
	Fre (Up Bia: Gai Jun Tim Jog	(Curve)  quency limiter per limit and lower limit frequencies) is in in pr frequency her operation gging operation	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 "If 0.00s is s according t Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi Analog inpu Three opera The inverter Can be op Accelerati Jogging fre Restarts th Select "Co	unction code setting.  1-10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2))  1-20 to 1-4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  Input: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  1-20 to 1-4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  Input: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  1-20 to 1-4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  Input: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  1-20 to 1-4m	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04  C21  H54  C20  F14  H13 to H16
	Fre (Up Bia: Gai Jun Tim Jog	(Curve)  quency limiter pper limit and lower limit frequencies) s in np frequency her operation gging operation o-restart after momentary	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 1/10.000 is a according to Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi Analog inpu Three opera Can be op Acceleration J Garage Restarts th Select "Co Restarts th	unction code setting.  +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/D to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  list, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made to the pattern given with an external signal.  Ind deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  In and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: Innear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  In with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  In with coasting can be set, (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  requency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  It gain can be set between 0 and 200%.  It on points and their common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set.  Operates and stops for the time set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  For a service of the common in the set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18,C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04  C21  H54  C20  F14
	Fre (Up Bia: Gai Jun Tim Jog	(Curve)  quency limiter pper limit and lower limit frequencies) s in np frequency her operation gging operation o-restart after momentary	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600' 1ff 0.00s is s according ti 1f  0.0	unction code setting.  1-10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2))  1-20 to 1-4MA DC/D to 100% (terminal C1)  Input: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  Is  1-10 to 10 to 100% (terminal C1)  Input: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  Is  1-10 to 10 to 100% (terminal C1)  Is  1-10 to 100% (terminal C1)  Is	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04  C21  H54  C20  F14  H13 to H16  H92, H93  F40, F41
	Fre (Up Bia: Gai Jun Tim Jog	(Curve)  quency limiter per limit and lower limit frequencies) is in in pp frequency per operation gging operation o-restart after momentary ver failure	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 "If 0.00s is according to acco	unction code setting.  +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  let, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made to the pattern given with an external signal.  nd deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  n with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  w limiters can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  requency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  t gain can be set between 0 and 200%.  tion points and their common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set.  operates and stops for the time set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  arrated using digital input signal or keypad.  In and deceleration time (same duration used only for jogging) can be set.  squency: 0.00 to 400.0Hz  e inverter without stopping the motor after instantaneous power failure. Intinuous motor mode" to wait for the power recovering with low output frequency.  z, restart from the frequency used before momentary power failure, restart at the set frequency can be selected.  e output torque lower than the set limit value.  tiched to the second torque limit with digital input signal.	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04  C21  H54  H13 to H16  H92, H93  F40, F41  E16, E17
	Fre (Up Bia: Gai Jun Tim Jog	quency limiter per limit and lower limit frequencies) s in np frequency ner operation gging operation o-restart after momentary ver failure que limit	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 "If 0.00s is s according to Acceleration a Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi Analog inpu Three opera The inverter Can be op Acceleration Jogging fre Restarts th Motor spee	unction code setting.  +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  let, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made to the pattern given with an external signal.  nd deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  n with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  w limiters can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  requency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  t gain can be set between 0 and 200%.  tion points and their common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set: operates and stops for the time set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  erated using digital input signal or keypad.  In and deceleration time (same duration used only for jogging) can be set: quency: 0.00 to 400.0Hz  e inverter without stopping the motor after instantaneous power failure. Intinuous motor mode" to wait for the power recovering with low output frequency.  z, restart from the frequency used before momentary power failure, restart at the set frequency can be selected.  et output torque lower than the set limit value. Itched to the second torque limit with digital input signal.  filter function) is available when switching the torque control to 1/2.	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04  C21  H54  C20  F14  H13 to H16  H92, H93  F40, F41  E16, E17  H76
	Free (Up Bias Gai Jun Tim Jog	quency limiter per limit and lower limit frequencies) s in np frequency ner operation gging operation o-restart after momentary ver failure que limit	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 if 0.00 so 3600 Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo. Bias of set fi Analog inpu Three opera Can be op Acceleration J Section 10 Can be op Acceleration Section 10 Can be op Acceleration Section 10 Can be op Acceleration Can be op Controls the Can be op Can	unction code setting.  +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/D to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  let, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made to the pattern given with an external signal.  Ind deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  Ind deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: Inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  In with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  In with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  In with croasting can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  requency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  It gain can be set between 0 and 200%.  It on points and their common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set.  operates and stops for the time set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  rerated using digital input signal or keypad.  In and deceleration time (same duration used only for jogging) can be set.  Inquency: 0.00 to 400.0Hz  In inverter without stopping the motor after instantaneous power failure.  Intinuous motor mode" to wait for the power recovering with low output frequency.  It is estart can be searched and restarted.  In every continue to the second torque limit with digital input signal.  In the filter function is available when switching the torque control to 1/2.  Internet under the preset value during operation.	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F10, F18  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04  C21  H54  H13 to H16  H92, H93  F40, F41  E16, E17  H76  F43, F44
	Free (Up Bias Gai Jun Tim Jog	quency limiter per limit and lower limit frequencies) s in np frequency ner operation gging operation o-restart after momentary ver failure que limit	Pulse train i 0.00 to 3600 'iff 0.00s is 'iff 0.00s is 'iff 0.00s is 'iff 0.00s is 'a Acceleration a Acceleration a Acceleration L Deceleration High and Lo Bias of set fi Analog inpu Three opera The inverter - Can be opera - Can be opera - Select 'Co - Restarts th - Motor spet - Controls th - Can be opera - Controls th - Can be sw - Soft start ( Keeps the c - Compensa - Time cons:	unction code setting.  +10 to 0V DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) +20 to +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)  nput: 30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency  let, the time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made to the pattern given with an external signal.  nd deceleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).  and deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types: inear, S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear  n with coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  w limiters can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)  requency and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).  t gain can be set between 0 and 200%.  tion points and their common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set: operates and stops for the time set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).  erated using digital input signal or keypad.  In and deceleration time (same duration used only for jogging) can be set: quency: 0.00 to 400.0Hz  e inverter without stopping the motor after instantaneous power failure. Intinuous motor mode" to wait for the power recovering with low output frequency.  z, restart from the frequency used before momentary power failure, restart at the set frequency can be selected.  et output torque lower than the set limit value. Itched to the second torque limit with digital input signal.  filter function) is available when switching the torque control to 1/2.	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.  Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current	F07, F08  E10,E11  H07  H11  F15, F16  H63  F18, C50 to C52  C32, C34, C37  C39, C42, C44  C01 to C04  C21  H54  C20  F14  H13 to H16  H92, H93  F40, F41  E16, E17  H76

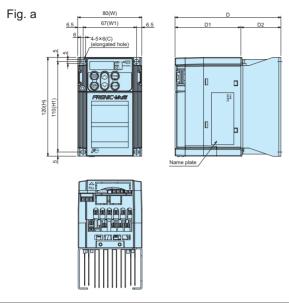


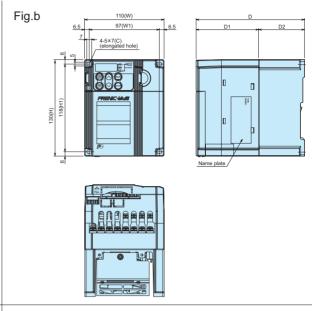
	Item	Explanation	Remarks	Related function code
	PID control	Control with PID regulator or dancer controller.		E61 to E63
		■ Process command		J01 to J06 J10 to J19
		Key operation ( and keys) : 0 to 100%      Analog input (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) : 0 to ±10V DC/0 to ±100%		31010319
		Analog input (terminal C1) : 4 to 20mA DC/0 to 100%		
		UP/DOWN (digital input) : 0 to 100%     Communication (RS-485, bus option) : 0 to 20000/0 to 100%		
		■ Feedback value		
		Analog input from terminal 12, C1 (V2): 0 to ±10V DC/0 to ±100%     Analog input (terminal C1): 4 to 20mA DC/0 to 100%		
		Accessory functions		
		Alarm output (absolute value alarm, deviation alarm)     Normal operation/inverse operation		
		PID output limiter     Anti-reset wind-up function     Integration reset/hold		
	Pick-up Automatic deceleration	Operation begins at a preset pick-up frequency to search for the motor speed to start an idling motor without stopping it.  When the torque calculation value exceeds the limit level set for the inverter during deceleration, the output	Trip may occur due to load conditions.	H09, H13, H17 H69, F08
ro tro	/ laterialis descriptation	frequency is automatically controlled and the deceleration time automatically extends to avoid an <code>[]]</code> trip.	Trip may occur due to load conditions.	1103, 1 00
Control	Deceleration characteristic	The motor loss increases during deceleration to reduce the load energy regenerating at the inverter		H71
	At	to avoid an CL trip upon mode selection.  The output voltage is controlled to minimize the total sum of the motor loss and inverter loss at a constant speed.		F37, F09
	Automatic energy-saving operation Overload Prevention Control	The output frequency is automatically reduced to suppress the overload protection trip o inverter		H70
		caused by an increase in the ambient temperature, operation frequency, motor load or the like.		
	Auto-tuning	The motor parameters are automatically tuned.	Mode that the motor rotates and mode that the motor does not rotate can be selected.	P04
	Cooling fan ON/OFF control Secondary motor setting	Detects inverter internal temperature and stops cooling fan when the temperature is low.     One inverter can be used to control two motors by switching (switching is not available while a motor is running). Base	An external output is issued in a transistor output signal.	H06
	Secondary motor setting	frequency, rated current, torque boost, electronic thermal, slip compensation can be set as data for the secondary motor.		
		The second motor constants can be set in the inverter. (Auto-tuning possible)		
	Universal DI Universal AO	The presence of digital signal in a device externally connected to the set terminal can be sent to the master controller.  The output from the master controller can be output from the terminal FM.		
	Speed control	The motor speed can be detected with the pulse encoder and speed can be controlled.	When the PG interface card (optional) Is installed.	
	Positioning control	Only one program can be executed by setting the number of pulses to the stop position and deceleration point.	When the PG interface card (optional) is installed.	
L	Rotation direction control	Select either of reverse prevention or forward rotation prevention.		
	Running/stopping	Speed monitor, output current [A], output voltage [V], torque calculation value, input power [kW],      DID of the leading to the leadin		E43
		PID reference value, PID feedback value, PID output, load factor, motor output, period for timer operation [s]  Select the speed monitor to be displayed from the following:		E48
		Output frequency [Hz], Output frequency 1 [Hz] (before slip compensation),		L40
		Output frequency 2 (after slip compensation) [Hz], Motor speed (set value) [r/min],		
		Motor speed [r/min], Load shaft speed (set value) [r/min],		
		Load shaft speed (r/min), Line speed (set value), Line speed (r/min)		
	Life early warning	The life early warning of the main circuit capacitors, capacitors on the PC boards and the cooling fan can be displayed.	An external output is issued in a transistor output signal.	
	Cumulative run hours	The cumulative motor running hours, cumulative inverter running hours and cumulative watt-hours can be displayed.		
, Lo	I/O check	Displays the input signal status of the inverter.		
Indication	Power monitor	Displays input power (momentary), accumulated power, electricity cost (accumulated power x displayed coefficient).		
n n	Trip mode	Displays the cause of trip by codes.  • If (Overcurrent during acceleration) • If I (Overcurrent at constant speed)		
		• ! (Input phase loss) • !!! (Undervoltage) • !!! (Output phase loss)		
		• [] [Overvoltage during acceleration] • [] [] [Overvoltage during deceleration] • [] [] [] (Overvoltage at constant speed)		
		• ☐ H / (Overheating of the heat sink) • ☐ H / (External alarm)     • ☐ H / (Motor protection (PTC thermistor)) • ☐ L / (Motor 1 overload)     • ☐ L / (Motor 2 overload)		
		• ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐		
		• € - / (Memory error) • € - / (Keypad communication error) • € - / (CPU error) • € - / (Optional communication error) • € - / (Optional communication error)		
		• E - 7 (Tuning error) • E - 8 (RS-485 communication error) • E - F (Data save error due to undervoltage)		
		• $\overline{E} \sim P$ (RS485 communication error (option))• $\overline{E} \sim H$ (Power LSI error) • $\overline{E} \sim P$ (Simulation error)		
	Running or trip mode	Trip history: Saves and displays the last 4 trip codes and their detailed description.		E52
	Overcurrent protection	The inverter is stopped upon an overcurrent caused by an overload.		
	Short circuit protection  Grounding fault protection	The inverter is stopped upon an overcurrent caused by a short circuit in the output circuit.  The inverter is stopped upon an overcurrent caused by a grounding fault in the output circuit.		
	Overvoltage protection	An excessive DC link circuit voltage is detected to stop the inverter.	3-phase 200V / 400V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC	
	o volvollago protocilon		3-phase 400V / 800V D	
	Undervoltage	Stops the inverter by detecting voltage drop in DC link circuit.	3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC	F14
	In a state of the second	Observation to the New York Constitution of t	3-phase 400V / 400V DC	1100
	Input phase loss Output phase loss	Stops or protects the inverter against input phase loss.  Detects breaks in inverter output wiring at the start of running and during running, stopping the inverter output.	The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	H98 H98
_	Output phase loss Overheating	The temperature of the heat sink of the inverter output.  The temperature of the heat sink of the inverter or that inside the inverter unit is detected to stop the inverter, upon a failure or overload of the cooling fan.	The protective runionori carribe carribered with function code 99.	H43
ction	Overload	The inverter is stopped upon the temperature of the heat sink of the inverter or the temperature of the		
Protection		switching element calculated from the output current.		
-	Electronic thermal	The inverter is stopped upon an electronic thermal function setting to protect the motor.	Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)	F10 to F12, P99
	Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning	A PTC thermistor input stops the inverter to protect the motor.  Warning signal can be output based on the set level before the inverter trips.		H26, H27 F10, F12, E34,
	Overload early warning	vvanning signal can be output based on the set level before the inverter trips.		F10, F12, E34, E35, P99
	Stall prevention	The output frequency decreases upon an output current exceeding the limit during acceleration or constant speed operation, to avoid overcurrent trip.		H12
	Momentary power failure	A protective function (inverter stoppage) is activated upon a momentary power failure for 15msec or longer. If restart upon momentary power failure is selected, the inverter restarts upon recovery of the voltage within the set time.		H13 to H16
	Protection  Retry function	<ul> <li>If restart upon momentary power failure is selected, the inverter restarts upon recovery of the voltage within the set time.</li> <li>When the motor is tripped and stopped, this function automatically resets the tripping state and</li> </ul>	Waiting time before resetting and the number	F14 H04, H05
		restarts operation.	of retry times can be set.	,
	Command loss detection	A loss (broken wire, etc.) of the frequency command is detected to output an alarm and continue operation at the preset frequency (set at a ratio to the frequency before detection).		E65
	Installation location	Shall be free from corrosive gases, flammable gases, oil mist, dusts, and direct sunlight.		
	Ambient temperature	(Pollution degree 2 (IEC60664-1)). Indoor use only.  -10 to +50°C	-10 to 40°C when inverters are installed side by side without clearance.	
	Ambient humidity	5 to 95% RH (without condensation)	o minimization and minimized state by state minimizational differ.	
ant	Altitude	Altitude [m] Output decrease	* If the altitude exceeds 2,000m, insulate	
muc		Lower than 1,000 None	the interface circuit from the main power	
Environment		1,001 to 2,000 Decreases	supply to conform to the Low Voltage Directives.	
Ш		2,001 to 3,000   Decreases*		
	Vibration	3mm (vibration width): 2 to less than 9Hz, 9.8m/s². 9 to less than 20Hz, 2m/s²: 20 to less than 55Hz, 1m/s²: 55 to less than 20Hz		
	Ambient temp.  Ambient humidity	-25 to +65°C		
	ਲ Ambient humidity	5 to 95%RH (without condensation)		

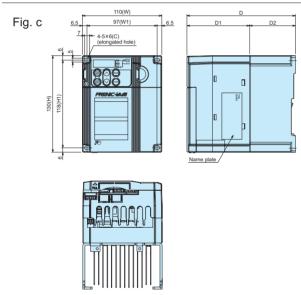


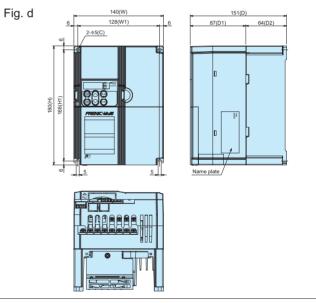
# **External Dimensions**

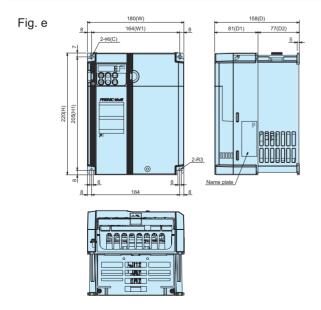
# •Inverter main body (standard type)

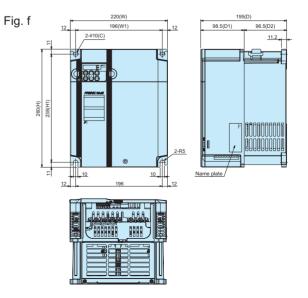












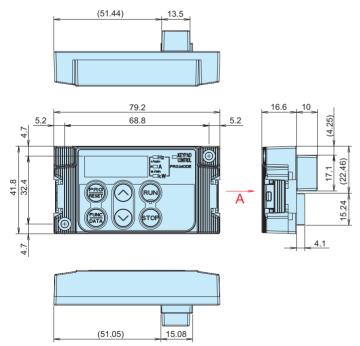


Power supply	Inverter type	Fig.					imensi	on (mm	1)		
voltage	inverter type	rig.	W	W1	Н	H1	D	D1	D2	С	
	FRN0.1E1S-2■						92		10		
	FRN0.2E1S-2■	а	80	67	120	110	92	82	10	5x6(elongated hole)	
	FRN0.4E1S-2■	а	00	07	120	110	107	02	25	JAO(eloligated flole)	
	FRN0.75E1S-2■	1					132		50		
Three-phase	FRN1.5E1S-2■	b	110	97	130	118	150	86	64	5x7(elongated hole)	
200V	FRN2.2E1S-2■		110	110   31		110	130	00	04	oxi (elorigated flole)	
200 V	FRN3.7E1S-2■	d	140	128	180	168	151	87	64	φ5	
	FRN5.5E1S-2■	е	180	164	220	205	158	81	77	φ6	
	FRN7.5E1S-2■	6	100	104	220	203	130	01	11	ψο	
	FRN11E1S-2■	f	220	196	260	238	195	98.5	96.5	φ10	
	FRN15E1S-2■	] '	220	130	200	230	190	30.5	30.3	ΨΙΟ	
	FRN0.4E1S-4■	С	110	97	130	118	126	86	40	5x6(elongated hole)	
	FRN0.75E1S-4■		110	31	130	110	150	00	64	oxo(ololigated flole)	
	FRN1.5E1S-4■	b	110	97	130	118	150	86	64	5x7(elongated hole)	
Three-phase	FRN2.2E1S-4■		110	31	130	110	130	00	04	3x7 (elorigated fible)	
400V	FRN3.7E1S-4■	d	140	128	180	168	151	87	64	φ5	
	FRN5.5E1S-4■	е	180	164	220	205	158	81	77	φ6	
	FRN7.5E1S-4■		100	104	220	203	130	01	11	ΨΟ	
	FRN11E1S-4■	f	220	196	260	238	195	98.5	96.5	φ10	
	FRN15E1S-4■	'	220	130	200	230	190	30.3	30.3	Ψ10	
	FRN0.1E1S-7■						92		10		
	FRN0.2E1S-7■	а	80	67	120	110	32	102		5x6(elongated hole)	
Single-phase	FRN0.4E1S-7■	a	00	07	120	110	107	102	25	JAO(Glorigated Hole)	
200V	FRN0.75E1S-7■						152		50		
	FRN1.5E1S-7■	b	110	97	130	118	150	86	64	5x7(elongated hole)	
	FRN2.2E1S-7■	d	140	128	180	168	151	87	64	φ5	

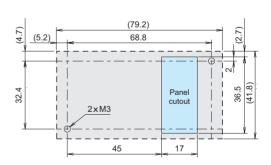
Note: For the inverter type FRN0.1E1S-2 ■, the symbol ■ is replaced with either of the following alphabets.

■ A(Asia), K(Koria, Taiwan), C(China), J(Japan)

# •Keypad



<sup>\*</sup> Dimensions when installing the supplied rear cover

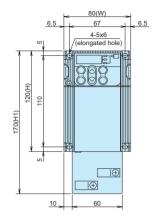


Dimensions of panel cutting (viewed from "A")

# External Dimensions

# ●Inverter main body (EMC filter built-in type)

Fig. g



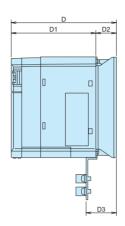
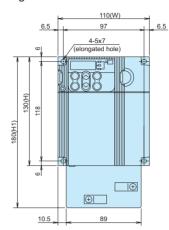


Fig. h



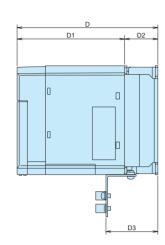
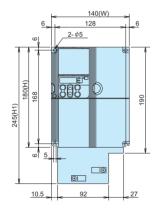


Fig. i



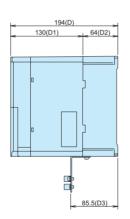


Fig. j

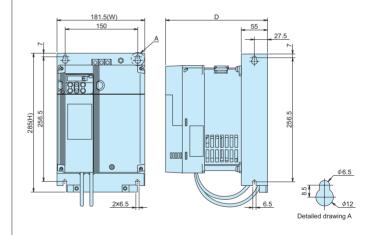


Fig. k

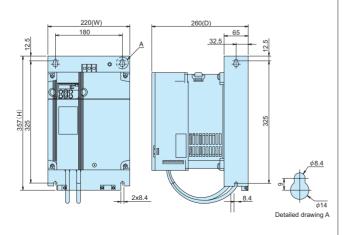
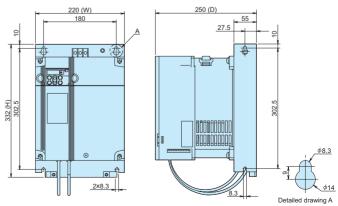


Fig. I





Dower aupplyvoltage	Inverter type	Eig				Dir	nension (n	nm)	
Power supplyvoltage	inverter type	Fig.	W	Н	H1	D	D1	D2	D3
	FRN0.1E1E-2■					112		10	21.2
	FRN0.2E1E-2■	g	80	120	170	112	102	10	21.2
	FRN0.4E1E-2■	9	00	120	170	127	102	25	36.2
	FRN0.75E1E-2■					152		50	61.2
	FRN1.5E1E-2■								
Three-phase 200V	FRN2.2E1E-2■	i	140	180	245	194	130	64	85.5
	FRN3.7E1E-2■								
	FRN5.5E1E-2■	j	181.5	285	_	213	_	_	_
	FRN7.5E1E-2■	J	101.5	200		213	_	_	
	FRN11E1E-2■	k	220	357	_	260	_	_	_
	FRN15E1E-2■	I K	220	337	_	200	_	_	_
	FRN0.4E1E-4■	h	110	130	180	169	129	40	61.5
	FRN0.75E1E-4■	!!		100	100	193	129	64	85.5
	FRN1.5E1E-4■		140	180	245	194	130		
	FRN2.2E1E-4■	i						64	85.5
Three-phase 400V	FRN3.7E1E-4■								
·	FRN5.5E1E-4■	i	181.5	285	_	208	_	_	_
	FRN7.5E1E-4■	J	101.5	203	_	200	_	_	_
	FRN11E1E-4 <b>■</b>	ı	220	332		250	_	_	
	FRN15E1E-4■		220	332		230			_
	FRN0.1E1E-7■					112		10	21.2
	FRN0.2E1E-7■	g	80	120	170	112	102	10	21.2
Single-phase 200V	FRN0.4E1E-7■					127		25	36.2
onigie-priase 200 v	FRN0.75E1E-7■	h	110	130	180	150	110	40	55.2
	FRN1.5E1E-7■	i	140	180	245	194	130	64	85.5
	FRN2.2E1E-7■	ı	140	100	243	134	130	04	05.5

Note: For the inverter type FRN0.1E1S-2 ■ the symbol ■ is replaced with either of the following alphabets.

■ A(Asia), K(Koria, Taiwan), C(China), J(Japan)

# **Keypad Operations**

# ■ Keypad switches and functions

LED monitor	Unit display
When the motor is running or stopped:  The monitor displays speeds, such as output frequency, set frequency, motor speed and load shaft speed, output voltage, output current, and power consumption.	The unit of the data displayed at the LED monitor is indicated. Use the key to switch the displayed data.  Operation mode display
Alarm mode: The monitor shows the alarm description with a fault code.	During keypad operation:  When function code [
Program/Reset key Used to change the mode.	CONTROL LED lights up.  Run key
Programming mode: Used to shift the digit (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode: Resets trip prevention mode.	While the motor is stopped: Used to start the operation. This key is invalid if the function code [5 0 2 (operation by external signals) is set to 1 1.  During operation:
Function/Data select key	The green RUN LED lights up.
Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.	Stop key
function code and data.	Used to stop the operation.
Up/Down keys	During operation:
During operation: Used to increase or decrease the frequency or motor speed.  In data setting: Used to indicate the function code number or to change data set value.	This key is invalid if the function code [F

### ■ Monitor display and key operation The keypad modes are classified into the following 3 modes.

			Due avenum	sing woods	Dunnin		
Man		on mode	Programm			g mode	Alarm mode
IVIO	nitor, keys		STOP	RUN	STOP	RUN	Disaless the element description
	8.8.8.8	Function	Displays the function	code and data.	Displays the output frequency, speed, power consumption, ou	set frequency, loaded motor itput current, and output voltage.	Displays the alarm description and alarm history.
		Display	Lighting		Blinking	Lighting	Blinking/Lighting
	T/min A PRG.MODE	Function	Indicates that the prog	gram mode is selected.	Displays the units of frequency power consumption, and it		None
Monitor		Display	Hz t/min = A PR m/min kW	G.MODE ON	display   Hz   PRGMODE ON   PRG	Speed display   Hz   Hz   PRG.MODE   ON   PRG.MODE   ON   ON   ON   ON   ON   ON   ON   O	OFF
	KEYPAD	Function		Operation select	ion (keypad operation/ter	minal operation) is displa	yed.
	CONTROL	Display					
		Function	Indicates absence of operation commands.	Indicates presence of operation commands.	Indicates absence of operation commands.	Indicates presence of operation commands.	Indicates that the operation is trip-stopped.
	RUN	Display	RUN unlit RUN lit		RUN unlit	RUN lit	If an alarm occurs during operation, the lamp is unlit during keypad operation and lit during terminal block operation.
	PRG		Switches to running n	node	Switches to programming	Releases the trip and	
	RESET	Function	Digit shift (cursor mov	vement) in data setting			switches to stop mode or running mode.
S/	FUNC DATA	Function	Determines the function updates data.	on code, stores and	Switches the LED monitor	r display.	Displays the operation information.
Keys		Function	Increases/decreases and data.	the function code	Increases/decreases the fand other settings.	frequency, motor speed	Displays the alarm history.
	RUN	Function	Invalid		Starts running (switches to running mode (RUN)).	Invalid	Invalid
	STOP	Function	Invalid	Deceleration stop (switches to programming mode (STOP)).	Invalid	Deceleration stop (switches to running mode (STOP)).	Invalid

This keypad supports the full menu mode that allows you to set or display the following information. Indication and setting change of changed function code, drive monitor, I/O check, maintenance information, and alarm information. For the actual operation methods, refer to the FRENIC-Multi Instruction Manual or User's Manual.

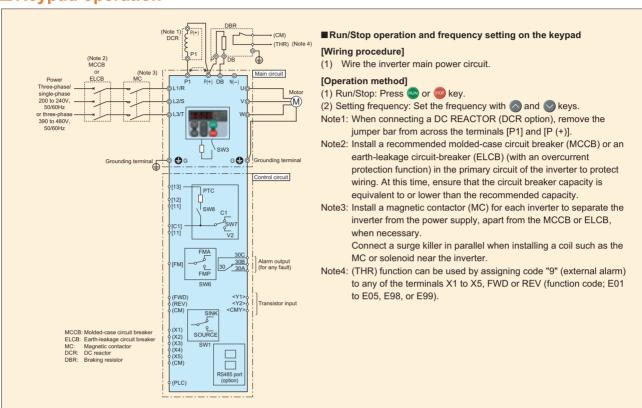


# **Basic Wiring Diagram**

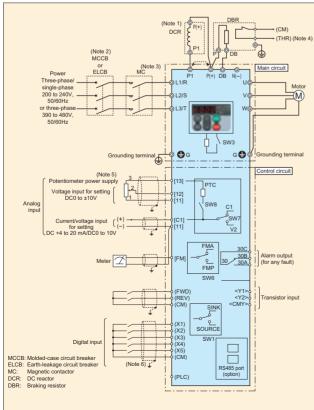
## Wiring diagram

The following diagram is for reference only. For detailed wiring diagrams, refer to the instruction manual.

## ■ Keypad operation



# **■** Operation by external signal inputs



# ■Run/Stop operation and frequency setting through external signals [Wiring procedure]

(1) Wire both the inverter main power circuit and control circuit.

(2) Set / (external signal) at function code F@2. Next, set / (voltage input (terminal 12) (0 to +10V DC)), 2 (current input (terminal C1) (+4 to 20mA DC)), or other value at function code F@ /.

#### [Operation method]

- (1) Run/Stop: Operate the inverter across terminals FDW and CM short-circuited, and stop with open terminals.
- Frequency setting: Voltage input (0 to +10V DC), current input (+4 to 20mA DC)
- Note1: When connecting a DC REACTOR (DCR option), remove the jumper bar from across the terminals [P1] and [P (+)].

  Note2: Install a recommended molded-case circuit breaker (MCCB) or an
- Note2: Install a recommended molded-case circuit breaker (MCCB) or ar earth-leakage circuit-breaker (ELCB) (with an overcurrent protection function) in the primary circuit of the inverter to protect wiring. At this time, ensure that the circuit breaker capacity is equivalent to or lower than the recommended capacity.
- Note3: Install a magnetic contactor (MC) for each inverter to separate the inverter from the power supply, apart from the MCCB or ELCB, when necessary.
  - Connect a surge killer in parallel when installing a coil such as the MC or solenoid near the inverter.
- Note4: (THR) function can be used by assigning code "9" (external alarm) to any of the terminals X1 to X5, FWD or REV (function code; E01 to E05, E98, or E99).
- Note5: Frequency can be set by connecting a frequency-setting device (external potentiometer) between the terminals 11, 12 and 13 instead of inputting a voltage signal (0 to +10V DC, 0 to +5V DC or +1 to +5V DC) between the terminals 12 and 11.
- Note 6: For the control signal wires, use shielded or twisted wires. Ground the shielded wires. To prevent malfunction due to noise, keep the control circuit wiring away from the main circuit wiring as far as possible (recommended: 10cm or more). Never install them in the same wire duct.

When crossing the control circuit wiring with the main circuit wiring, set them at right angles.



# **Terminal Functions**

# **■**Terminal Functions

DIVISION	Symbol	Terminal name	Functions	Remark	Relate function code
Ţ	L1/R,L2/S,L3/T	Power input	Connect a three-phase power supply.		
	U,V,W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase motor.		
	P1,P (+)	For DC REACTOR	Connect the DC reactor (DCR).		
	P (+),DB	For braking resistor	Connect the braking resistor (option).		
-	P (+),N (−) ⊕ G	For DC bus connection Grounding	Used for DC bus connection. Terminal for inverter chassis (case) and motor grounding	Two terminals are provided.	
1	13	Potentiometer power supply	Used for frequency setting device power supply (variable resistance: 1 to $5k\Omega$ ) (10V DC 10mA DC max.)	Connect the potentiometer with higher than 1/2W.	
Ī	12	Analog setting voltage	Used as a frequency setting voltage input.0 to ±10V DC/0 to 100% (0 to ±5V	Input impedance: 22kΩ	F18
		input	DC/0 to 100%)	Maximum input: +15V DC	C32 t
		(Inverse operation)	±10 to 0V DC/0 to ±100%	However, the current larger than ±20mA DC is handled as ±20mA	C35
		(PID control)		DC.	E61
9		(Frequency aux. setting)	Used as additional auxiliary setting to various frequency settings.		F18
	C1	Analog setting current input	Used as a frequency setting current input.4 to 20mA DC/0 to 100%	Input impedance: 250Ω  Maximum input: 30mA DC	C37
		(Inverse operation)		However, the voltage higher than	C39
Suman famorban		(PID control)		±10V DC is handled as ±0V DC.	E62
		(Frequency aux. setting)	Used as additional auxiliary setting to various frequency settings.		-02
: [	(V2)	Analog setting voltage	Used as a frequency setting voltage input.0 to +10V DC/0 to 100% (0 to +5V	Input impedance: 22kΩ	F18
		input	DC/0 to 100%)	Maximum input:+15V DC	C42 t
	}	(Inverse operation)	+10 to 0V DC/0 to 100%	However, the voltage higher than ±10V DC is handled as ±10V DC.	C44
	-	(PID control)	Used for setting signal (PID process command value) or feedback signal.	±10 v DO is ridifuled as ±10 v DC.	E63
+	(PTC)	(Frequency aux. setting) (PTC thermistor)	Used as additional auxiliary setting to various frequency settings.  Connect the thermistor used to protect the motor.	<del> </del>	H26, F
-	11	Analog common	Common terminal for frequency setting signals (13, 12, C1, FM)	Two terminals are provided. Isolated	1120, 1
	X1	Digital input 1		from terminals CM and CMY.	E01
- 1-	X2	Digital input 2	The following functions can be set at terminals X1 to X5, FWD and REV for signal input.	ON state Source current: 2.5 to 5mA	E02
ŀ	X3	Digital input 3	<pre></pre> <pre>&lt;</pre>	Voltage level: 2V	E03
ŀ	X4	Digital input 4	Sink and source are changeable using the built-in sliding switch.	Allowable leakage current: Smaller	E04
- 1	X5	Digital input 5	ON timing can be changed between short-circuit of terminals X1 and CM and	than 0.5mA	E05
ŀ	FWD	Forward operation command	open circuits of them. The same setting is possible between CM and any of	Voltage: 22 to 27V	E98
ı	REV	Reverse operation command	the terminals among X2, X3, X4, X5, FWD, and REV.		E99
Ī	(FWD)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	The motor runs in the forward direction upon ON across (FWD) and CM. The motor decelerates and stops upon OFF.	This function can be set only for the	
	(REV)	Reverse operation command	The motor runs in the reverse direction upon ON across (REV) and CM. The motor decelerates and stops upon OFF.	terminals FWD and REV.	
	(SS1) (SS2) (SS4) (SS8)	Multistep freq. selection	16-step operation can be conducted with ON/OFF signals at (SS1) to (SS8).    Multistep frequency		C05 t
-	(RT1)		ON across (RT1) and CM: The acceleration time 2 setting is available.  OFF across (RT1) and CM: The acceleration time 1 setting is available.		E10, E
-		selection command	Used for 3-wire operation.		F07, F
	(HLD)	3-wire operation stop command	ON across (HLD) and CM: The inverter self-holds FWD or REV signal.  OFF across (HLD) and CM: The inverter releases self-holding.		
-	(BY)	Coast-to-stop command	ON across (BX) and CM: The inverter output is shut off immediately and the motor coasts to a stop.	No alarm signal will be output.	
-		Alarm (error) reset	ON across (RST) and CM: Faults are reset.	Alarm reset signal width: 0.1(s) or more	
ŀ		Trip command (External fault)	OFF across (THR) and CM: The inverter output is shut off immediately and the motor coasts-to-stop.	Alarm signal CH2 will be output.	
ŀ		Freq. set 2/Freq. set 1	ON across (Hz2/Hz1) and CM: Freq. set 2 is effective.		F01, F
	(M2/M1)		ON across (M2/M1) and CM: The motor 2 setting is available.		A01 to
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		OFF across (M2/M1) and CM: The motor 1 setting is available.		P01 to
1		DC braking command	ON across (DCBRK) and CM: Starts DC braking action.		F20 to
J	(TL2/TL1)	Torque limit 2/Torque limit 1	ON across (TL2/TL1) and CM: The torque limit 2 setting is available.		E16, I
ŀ			OFF across (TL2/TL1) and CM: The torque limit 1 setting is available.		F40, I
1	(UP)		The output frequency rises while the circuit across (UP) and CM is connected.		F01, (
-	(DOWN) (WE-KP)	Write enable for KEYPAD	The output frequency drops while the circuit across (DOWN) and CM is connected. The function code data can be changed from the keypad only when (WE-KP)		J02 F00
	(Hz/PID)	(Changing data is available.) PID cancel	is ON. PID control can be canceled when the circuit across (Hz/PID) and CM is connected. (Operation proceeds		J01 to
	(IVS)	Inverse mode	according to the selected frequency setting method such as the multi-step frequency, keypad and analog input.)  The frequency setting or PID control output signal (frequency setting) action mode switches		J10 to
-	(LE)	changeover	between normal and inverse actions when the circuit across (IVS) and CM is connected.  Operation proceeds according to commands sent via RS485 communication or		H30,
	(LE)	LIIIK CIIADIC	field bus (option) when the circuit across (LE) and CM are connected.		1100,
ŀ	(U-DI)	Universal DI	An arbitrary digital input signal is transmitted to the host controller.		1
ŀ	(STM)		ON across (STM) and CM: Starting at the pick-up frequency becomes valid.		H17, I
ŀ	(STOP)		OFF across (STOP) and CM: The inverter is forcibly stopped in the special deceleration time.		H56
ŀ	(PID-RST)	PID differentiation / integration reset	ON across (PID-RST) and CM: Resets differentiation and integration values of PID.		J01 to
ľ	(PID-HLD)		ON across (PID-HLD) and CM: Holds integration values of PID.		J10 to
	(JOG)	Jogging operation	ON across (JOG) and CM: The operation node enters jogging mode and frequency setting switches to jogging frequency and acceleration and deceleration time for jogging operation.		C20 H54
ŀ	PLC	PLC terminal	Connect to PLC output signal power supply. Common for 24V power.	+24V (22 to 27V) 50mA max.	1.104
11	CM	Digital common	Common terminal for digital input signal	Isolated from terminals 11 and	<del> </del>



# **■**Terminal Functions

Division	Syml	bol	Terminal name	Functions	Remark	Related function code
Pulse output   Analog output	FM	(FMA)	Analog monitor	A monitor signal of analog DC voltage between 0 to +10V DC) can be output for the item selected from the following:  • Output frequency 1 (before slip compensation) • Output frequency 2 (after slip compensation) • Output current • Output voltage • Output torque • Load factor. • Power consumption • PID feedback value (PV) • DC link circuit voltage • Universal AO. • Motor output • Analog output test. • PID command (SV) • PID output (MV)	Connectable impedance (Minimum impedance: 5kW In the (0 to +10V DC) In case of voltage output, up to two analog voltmeters (0 to 10V DC, input impedance: 10kW) can be connected.Gain adjustment range: 0 to 300%	F29 to F31
Pulse output		(FMP)	Pulse monitor	One of the following items can be output in a pulse frequency.  • Output frequency 1 (before slip compensation) • Output frequency 2 (after slip compensation) • Output current • Output voltage • Output torque • Load factor.o  Power consumption • PID feedback value (PV) • DC link circuit voltage • Universal  AO • Motor output • Analog output test • PID command (SV) • PID output (MV)	Up to two analog voltmeters (0 to10V DC, input impedance: 10kΩ) can be connected. (Driven at average voltage)	F29, F31, F33
	(PLC)		Transistor output power	Power supply for a transistor output load. (24V DC 50mA DC Max)	Short circuit across terminals CM and CMY to use     Same terminal as digital input PLC terminal	E20
	Y1		Transistor output 1	The following functions can be set at terminals Y1 or Y2 for signal output.  The setting of "short circuit upon active signal output" or "open upon active"	Max. voltage: 27V DC Max. current: 50mA	E21 E22
	Y2		Transistor output 2	signal output" is possible. • Sink/source support (switching unnecessary)	Leak current: 0.1mA max. ON voltage: within 2V (at 50mA)	
	(RUN) Inverter running			An ON signal is output when the inverter runs at higher than the starting frequency.		
	(1	RUN2)	Inverter output on	A signal is issued when the inverter runs at smaller than the starting frequency or when DC braking is in action.		
		(FAR)	Speed/freq. arrival	An active signal is issued when the output frequency reaches the set frequency.	Detection width: 0 to 10.0 [Hz]	E30
		(FDT)	Speed/freq. detection	An ON signal is output at output frequencies above a preset detection level. The signal is deactivated if the output frequency falls below the detection level.	Operation level: 0.0 to 400.0 [Hz] Hysteresis width: 0.0 to 400.0 [Hz]	E31 E32
		(LV)	Undervoltage detection	The signal is output when the inverter stops because of undervoltage.		
		(B/D)	Torque polarity detection	The OFF signal is output when the inverter is running in drive mode and the ON signal is output in the braking mode or stopped state.		
		(IOL)	Inverter output limit (limit on current)	The signal is output when the inverter is limiting the current.		F43, F44
put		(IPF)	Auto-restarting	The signal is output during auto restart operation (after momentary power failure and until completion of restart).		F14
ono		(OL)	Overload early warning (motor)	The signal is output when the electronic thermal relay value is higher than the preset alarm level.		F10 to F12
Transistor output		(RDY)	Operation ready output	A signal is issued if preparation for inverter operation is completed.		
nsi	(8	SWM2)	Motor 2 switching	The motor switching signal (M2/M1) is input and the ON signal is output when the motor 2 is selected.		
Tra		(TRY)	Retry in action	The signal is output during an active retry.		H04, H05
		(OH)	Heat sink overheat early warning	An early warning signal is issued before the heat sink trips due to overheat.		
	(	(FAR2)	Frequency arrival 2	The signal is output when the time set in E29 elapses after the frequency arrival signal (FAR) is output.		E29
		(IOL2)	Inverter output limit	If more than 20ms elapse while one of the following operations is operating: current limiter for the inverter, automatic deceleration operation or torque limiter.		F41 to F44 H69
		(LIFE)	Lifetime alarm	Outputs alarm signal according to the preset lifetime level.		H42, H43, H98
	(REF	F OFF)	Command loss detection	A loss of the frequency command is detected.		E65
		(OLP)	Overload preventive control	The signal is output when the overload control is activated.		H70
		(ID)	Current detection	The signal is output when a current larger than the set value has been detected for the timer-set time.		E34, E35
		(ID2)	Current detection 2	The signal is output when a current larger than the set value 2 has been detected for the timer-set time.		E37, E38
	(PID	-ALM)	PID alarm output	An absolute value alarm or deviation alarm under PID control is issued as a signal.		J11 to J13
	<u>(I</u>	BRKS)	Brake signal	The signal for enabling or releasing the brake is output.		J68 to J72
		(ALM)	Alarm relay output (for any fault)	An alarm relay output (for any fault) signal is issued as a transistor output signal.		
Į.	CMY		Transistor output common	Common terminal for transistor output	The terminal is isolated from terminals 11 and CM.	
Contact outpu	30A,30	B,30C	Alarm relay output (for any fault)	<ul> <li>A no-voltage contact signal (1c) is issued when the inverter is stopped due to an alarm.</li> <li>Multi-purpose relay output; signals similar to above-mentioned signals Y1 to Y2 can be selected.</li> <li>An alarm output is issued upon either excitation or no excitation according to selection.</li> </ul>	Contact capacity: 250V AC,0.3A, cosφ=0.3, +48V DC, 0.5A	E27
Communication Contact output	-		RJ-45 connector for connection of keypad	One of the following protocols can be selected.  • Protocol exclusively for keypad (default selection)  • Modbus RTU  • Fuji's special inverter protocol  • SX protocol for PC loader	Power (+5V) is supplied to the keypad.	H30 y01 to y20 y98,y99

# **Terminal Functions**

# **■ Terminal Arrangement**

### ●Main circuit terminals

Power source	Applied motor [kW]	Inverter type	Fig.							
Three-	0.1	FRN0.1E1□-2 <b>■</b>								
phase	0.2	FRN0.2E1□-2■	F: A							
200V	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-2■	Fig. A							
	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-2 <b>■</b>								
	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-2								
	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-2■	Fig. B							
	3.7	FRN3.7E1□-2 <b>■</b>								
	5.5	FRN5.5E1□-2 <b>■</b>								
	7.5	FRN7.5E1□-2	F: C							
	11	FRN11E1□-2 <b>■</b>	Fig. C							
	15	FRN15E1□-2 <b>■</b>								
Three-	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-4 <b>■</b>								
phase	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-4■								
400V	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-4 <b>■</b>	Fig. B							
	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-4 <b>■</b>								
	3.7	FRN3.7E1□-4 <b>■</b>								
	5.5	FRN5.5E1□-4 <b>■</b>								
	7.5	FRN7.5E1□-4 <b>■</b>	Fig. C							
	11	FRN11E1□-4 <b>■</b>	rig. C							
	15	FRN15E1□-4 <b>■</b>								
Single-	0.1	FRN0.1E1□-7 <b>■</b>								
phase	0.2	FRN0.2E1□-7■	   E:~ D							
200V	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-7 <b>■</b>	Fig. D							
	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-7■								
	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-7 <b>■</b>	Г: Г							
	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-7	Fig. E							

Note : For the inverter type FRN0.1E1 ☐-2 █, the symbol ☐ and █ is replaced with either of the following alphabets.

- ☐ S (standard type), E (EMC filter built-in type)
- A (Asia), K (Koria, Taiwan), C (china), J (Japan)

Fig. A

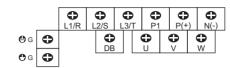


Fig. B

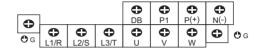


Fig. C

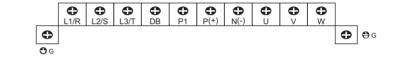


Fig. D

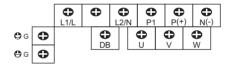
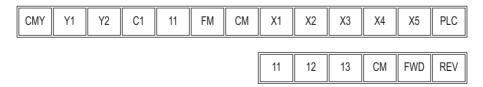


Fig. E

				<b>⊕</b> DB	<b>₽</b> 1	<b>P</b> (+)	<b>O</b> N(-)	
<b>O</b> G	<b>⊕</b> L1/L	<b>•</b>	<b>⊕</b> L2/N	<b>+</b>	<b>O</b> >	<b>⊕</b> W	•	<b>O</b> G

### ●Control circuit terminals (common to all the inverter models)



30A 30B 30C

Terminal size: M3



# **Protective Functions**

Protective Functions		Description		LED indication	Alarm output (30A, B, C) Note)	Related function code
Overcurrent protection	The inverter is stopp	ed for protection against overcurrent.	During acceleration	DE 1	0	
Short circuit protection	The inverter is stopp	ped for protection against overcurrent caused by a short circuit in the output circuit.	During deceleration	002		
Grounding fault protection		upon start-up for protection against overcurrent caused by a grounding fault in the output circuit. urned on with the grounding fault, the inverter and the controlled equipment may not be protected.	During constant speed operation	0E3		
Overvoltage	An excessive voltage	e (3-phase and Single-phase 200V series: 400V DC, 3-phase 400V series: 800V DC)	During acceleration	0U I	0	
protection	in the DC link circuit the protection canno	is detected and the inverter is stopped. If an excessive voltage is applied by mistake, t be guaranteed.	During deceleration  During constant speed operation	0U2 0U3		
Undervoltage protection		phase 200V series: 200V DC, 3-phase 400V series: 400V DC) in the DC link circuit is dete : 3, 4 or 5" is selected, an alarm is not issued even upon a voltage drop in the DC link circu	cted to stop the inverter.	LU	Δ	F14
Input phase loss protection	extreme stress cause	s is detected to shut off the inverter output. This function protects the inverter from being ed by a power phase loss or imbalance between phases. When the load to be connected nnected a phase loss is not detected.		Lin	0	H98
Output phase loss protection	Detects breaks in inv	verter output wiring at the start of operation and during running, to shut off the inverter ou	itput.	OPL	0	H98
Overheating	Stops the inverter ou	tput upon detecting excess heat sink temperature in case of cooling fan failure or overlo	ad.	OH I	0	H43, H98
protection		erter operation are stopped due to overheating of an external braking resistor. st be set corresponding to the braking resistor.		дЬН	0	
Overload protection		de the IGBT is calculated from the detection of output current and internal temperature, to s	shut off the inverter output.	OLU	0	
External alarm input		signal (THR) opened, the inverter is stopped with an alarm.		0H2	0	E01 to E05
Electronic	The inverter is stone	ed with an electronic thermal function set to protect the motor.		OL I	0	,
thermal  PTC thermistor	The standard motor is protected at all the frequencies. The inverter motor is protected at all the frequencies. The operation level and thermal time constant can be set.  A PTC thermistor input stops the inverter to protect the motor.			0L2		F10,A06
PTC thermistor				ОНЧ	0	H26,H27
Oto Pro thermistor	The PTC thermistor is connected between terminals C1 and 11 to set switches and function codes on the control PC board.		UIII	0	,	
Overload early warning	Warning signal is ou motor.					E34,E35
Stall prevention	This is protected who	en the instantaneous overcurrent limit works.		_	_	H12
		rcurrent limit: Operates when the inverter output current goes beyond the instantaneous (during acceleration and constant speed operation).	overcurrent limiting level,			
Alarm relay output (for any fault)	<alarm reset=""> The key or digit <storage alarm="" hi<="" of="" td=""><td>utput when the inverter stops upon an alarm.  al input signal (RST) is used to reset the alarm stop state.  story and detailed data&gt; ns can be stored and displayed.</td><td></td><td>_</td><td>0</td><td>E20,E21,E21 E01 to E05 E98,E99</td></storage></alarm>	utput when the inverter stops upon an alarm.  al input signal (RST) is used to reset the alarm stop state.  story and detailed data> ns can be stored and displayed.		_	0	E20,E21,E21 E01 to E05 E98,E99
Memory error	Data is checked upo	n power-on and data writing to detect any fault in the memory and to stop the inverter if	any.	Er I	0	
Keypad communication error		<ul> <li>rd) or multi-function keypad (optional) is used to detect a communication fault between the eration and to stop the inverter.</li> </ul>	ne keypad and inverter	Er2	0	F02
CPU error	Detects a CPU error	or LSI error caused by noise.		Er3	0	
Option communication error	When each option ca	ard is used, a fault of communication with the inverter main body is detected to stop the i	nverter.	Er4	_	
Option error	When each option ca	ard is used, the option card detects a fault to stop the inverter.		Er5	_	
	STOP key priority:	Pressing the wey on the keypad or entering the digital input signal will forcibly dec motor even if the operation command through signal input or communication is selecte		Er6	0	H96
Operation error	Start check:	Start check: If the operation command is entered in the following cases, & r & will be LED monitor to prohibit operation.  • Power-on  • Alarm reset ( wey ON or alarm (error) reset [RST] is reset.)  • The link operation selection "LE" is used to switch operation.	displayed on the			
Tuning error	When tuning failure,	interruption, or any fault as a result of turning is detected while tuning for motor constant	i.	Er 7	0	P04
RS-485 communication error	When the connection stopped and displays	n port of the keypad connected via RS485 communication port to detect a communicatio s an error.	n error, the inverter is	Er8	0	
Data save error upon Undervoltage		ge protection works, an error is displayed if data cannot be stored.		ErF	0	
RS-485 communication error (optional)	When an optional RS is detected to stop the	3-485 communication card is used to configure the network, a fault of communication wit be inverter.	h the inverter main body	ErP	0	
Retry		tripped and stopped, this function automatically resets the tripping state and restarts opens and the length of wait before resetting can be set.)	eration.	_	_	H04,H05
Surge protection	The inverter is protect	cted against surge voltage intruding between the main circuit power line and ground.				
Command loss detection	' '	etc.) of the frequency command is detected to output an alarm and continue operation a frequency before detection).	t the preset frequency	_		E65
PG disconnection	disconnection An error displays when the signal line for PG is disconnected while the PG feedback card is installed.		25	0		
Momentary power failure protection	A protective function	on (inverter stoppage) is activated upon a momentary power failure for 15msec or longer nentary power failure is selected, the inverter restarts upon recovery of the voltage within		_	_	F14 H13 to H16
Overload avoidance control	The inverter output f	requency is reduced to avoid tripping before heat sink overheating or tripping due to an o		_	_	H70
	(alarm indication: OH I or OL U.					
Hardware error		ed when poor connection between the control board and power source board or interfac etween 13 and 11 is detected.	e board, or short-circuit	ErH	0	

Note: The item indicated with  $\triangle$  in the alarm output (30A, B, C) column may not be issued according to some function code settings.

# **Function Settings**

# **■**Function Settings

# ●F codes: Fundamental Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
F00	Data Protection	O: Disable both data protection and digital reference protection 1: Enable data protection and disable digital reference protection 2: Disable data protection and enable digital reference protection 3: Enable both data protection and digital reference protection	_	_	Y	0
FO I	Frequency Command 1	O:	_	_	Y	0
F02	Operation Method	O: RUN/STOP keys on keypad (Motor rotational direction specified by terminal command FWD/REV)  1: Terminal command FWD or REV  2: RUN/STOP keys on keypad (forward)  3: RUN/STOP keys on keypad (reverse)	_	_	Y	2
F03	Maximum Frequency 1	25.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	60.0
FOY	Base Frequency 1	25.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	60.0
FOS	Rated Voltage at Base Frequency 1	0: Output a voltage in proportion to input voltage 80 to 240: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series) 160 to 500: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)	1	V	Y2	220
F05	Maximum Output Voltage 1	80 to 240: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series) 160 to 500: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)	1	V	Y2	380
F07	Acceleration Time 1 Deceleration Time 1	0.00 to 3600 Note: Entering 0.00 cancels the acceleration time, requiring external soft-start.	0.01	S	Y	6.00
F08 F09	Torque Boost 1	0.00 to 3600 Note: Entering 0.00 cancels the deceleration time, requiring external soft-start.  0.0 to 20.0 (percentage with respect to "F05: Rated Voltage at Base Frequency 1")		s %	Y	Depending on the
F 10	Electronic Thermal Overload Protection for Motor 1	Note: This setting takes effect when F37 = 0, 1, 3, or 4.  1: For a general-purpose motor with shaft-driven cooling fan	_	_	Y	inverter capacity
F 1.1	(Select motor characteristics) (Overload detection level)	2: For an inverter-driven motor, non-ventilated motor, or motor with separately powered cooling fan	0.01	^	V/4V/0	4000/ of the median midd account
F 17	(Thermal time constant)	0.00: Disable1 to 135% of the rated current (allowable continuous drive current) of the motor 0.5 to 75.0	0.01	A min	Y1Y2 Y	100% of the motor rated current 5.0
FIY	Restart Mode after Momentary Power Failure (Mode selection)	O: Disable restart (Trip immediately)  1: Disable restart (Trip after a recovery from power failure)  4: Enable restart (Restart at the frequency at which the power failure occurred, for general loads)  5: Enable restart (Restart at the starting frequency, for low-inertia load)	_	_	Y	1
F 15	Frequency Limiter (High)	0.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	70.0
F 15	(Low)		0.1	Hz	Υ	0.0
F 18	Bias (Frequency command 1)	-100.00 to 100.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	0.00
F20	DC (Braking starting frequency)		0.1	Hz	Y	0.0
F21 F22	Braking 1 (Braking level) (Braking time)	0 to 100 0.00 : Disable 0.01 to 30.00	0.01	% s	Y	0.00
F23	Starting Frequency 1	0.1 to 60.0	0.01	Hz	Y	0.5
F24		0.01 to 10.00	0.01	S	Y	0.00
F25	Stop Frequency	0.1 to 60.0	0.1	Hz	Y	0.2
F25 F27	Motor Sound (Carrier frequency) (Tone)	0.75 to 15 0 : Level 0 (Inactive) 1 : Level 1	1	kHz —	Y	0
630		2 : Level 2 3 : Level 3				
F29 F30	Analog Output [FM] (Mode selection)  (Voltage adjustment)	0 : Output in voltage (0 to 10 VDC) [FMA] 2 : Output in pulse (0 to 6000p/s) [FMP] 0 to 300 [FMA]	1	%	Y	100
F31	(Voltage adjustment) (Function)			70	T V	0
		O: Output frequency 1 (before slip compensation) 1: Output frequency 2 (after slip compensation) 2: Output vortage 4: Output vortage 4: Output torque 5: Load factor 6: Input power 7: PID feedback amount (PV) 8: PG feedback value 9: DC link bus voltage 10: Universal AO 13: Motor output 14: Calibration 15: PID command (SV) 16: PID output (MV)				
F33	(Pulse rate)	25 to 6000 (FMP, Pulse rate at 100% output)  0: Variable torque load	1	p/s	Y	1440
F37	Load Selection/ Auto Torque Boost / Auto Energy Saving Operation 1	1: Constant torque load 2: Auto-torque boost 3: Auto-energy saving operation (Variable torque load during ACC/DEC) 4: Auto-energy saving operation (Constant torque load during ACC/DEC) 5: Auto-energy saving operation (Auto-torque boost during ACC/DEC)	_	_		1
F39	Stop Frequency (Holding Time)		0.01	S	Y	0.00
F40 F41	Torque (Limiting Level for driving) Limiter 1 (Limiting Level for braking)	20 to 200 999 : Disable 20 to 200 999 : Disable	1	%	Y	999
F42	Control Mode Selection 1	O: V/f control with slip compensation inactive D: Dynamic torque vector control C: V/f control with slip compensation active C: V/f control with PG  S: V/f control with PG	_	<del>-</del> /0	Y	0
		4: Dynamic torque vector control with PG				



### **•**F codes: Fundamental Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
F43	Current Limiter (Mode selection)	0: Disable (No current limiter works.)	_	_	Υ	2
		1: Enable at constant speed (Disable during ACC/DEC)				
		2: Enable during ACC/constant speed operation				
F44	(Level)	20 to 200 (The data is interpreted as the rated output current of the inverter for 100%.)	1	%	Υ	180
FSO	Electronic Thermal (Discharging capability)	1 to 900 999: Disable	1	kWs	Υ	999
	Overload Protection	0: Reserved				
F5 1	for braking resistor (Allowable average loss)	0.001 to 50.000 0.000: Reserved	0.001	kW	Υ	0.000

#### **©**E codes: Extension Terminal Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
ED I	Terminal X1 function	Selecting function code data assigns the corresponding function to	_	_	Y	0
500		terminals [X1] to [X5] as listed below.			.,	
503	Terminal X2 function	0 (1000) : Select multi-frequency [SS1]			Y	1
E03	Terminal X3 function	1 (1001) : Select multi-frequency [SS2]		_	Y	2
E04	Terminal X4 function Terminal X5 function	2 (1002) : Select multi-frequency [SS4]			Y	7
<i>E05</i>	Terminal A5 lunction	3 (1003) : Select multi-frequency [SS8] 4 (1004) : Select ACC/DEC time [RT1]			Y	8
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD]				
		7 (1007) : Coast to a stop [BX]				
		8 (1008) : Reset alarm [RST]				
		9 (1009) : Enable external alarm trip [THR]				
		10 (1010) : Ready for jogging [JOG]				
		11 (1011) : Select frequency command 2/1 [Hz2/Hz1]				
		12 (1012) : Select motor 2/motor 1 [M2/M1]				
		13 : Enable DC braking [DCBRK]				
		14 (1014) : Select torque limiter level [TL2/TL1]				
		17 (1017) : UP (Increase output frequency) [UP] 18 (1018) : DOWN (Decrease output frequency) [DOWN]				
		19 (1019) : Enable data change with keypad [WE-KP]				
		20 (1020) : Cancel PID control [Hz/PID]				
		21 (1021) : Switch normal/inverse operation [IVS]				
		24 (1024) : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus [LE]				
		25 (1025) : Universal DI [U-DI]				
		26 (1026) : Enable auto search for idling motor speed at starting [STM]				
		27 (1027) : Speed feedback control switch [PG/Hz]				
		30 (1030) : Force to stop [STOP]				
		33 (1033) : Reset PID integral and differential components [PID-RST]				
		34 (1034) : Hold PID integral component [PID-HLD] 42 (1042) : Position control limit switch [LS]				
		43 (1043) : Position control start/reset command [S/R]				
		44 (1044) : Serial pulse Receive mode [SPRM]				
		45 (1045) : Position Control return mode [RTN]				
		46 (1046) : Overload stopping effective command [OLS]				
		Setting the value of 1000s in parentheses () shown above assigns a negative logic input to a terminal.				
		Note: In the case of THR and STOP, data (1009) and (1030) are for normal logic, and "9" and "30" are for negative logic, respectively.				
E 10	Acceleration Time 2	0.00 to 3600 Note: Entering 0.00 cancels the acceleration time, requiring external soft-start.	0.01	s	Υ	10.0
EII	Deceleration Time 2	0.00 to 3600 Note: Entering 0.00 cancels the acceleration time, requiring external soft-start.	0.01	S	Υ	10.0
E 18	Torque (Limiting Level for driving)	20 to 200 999 : Disable	1	%	Υ	999
E 17	Limiter 2 (Limiting Level for braking)	20 to 200 999 : Disable	1	%	Υ	999
<u> </u>	Terminal [Y1] Function Terminal [Y2] Function	Selecting function code data assigns the corresponding function to terminals [Y1], [Y2], and [30A/B/C] as listed below.			Y	0
E21	Terminal [12] Function Terminal [30A/B/C] Function	0 (1000) : Inverter running [RUN]   1 (1001) : Frequency arrival signal [FAR]			Y	7 99
		1 (1001) : Frequency arrival signal [FAR] [FAR] 2 (1002) : Frequency detected [FDT]				
		3 (1003) : Undervoltage detected (Inverter stopped) [LU]				
		4 (1004) : Torque polarity detected [B/D]				
		5 (1005) : Inverter output limiting [IOL] 6 (1006) : Auto-restarting after momentary power failure [IPF]				
		7 (1007) : Motor overload early warning [OL]				
		10 (1010) : Inverter ready to run [RDY]				
		21 (1021) : Frequency arrival signal 2 [FAR2] 22 (1022) : Inverter output limiting with delay [IOL2]				
		26 (1026) : Auto-resetting [TRY]				
		28 (1028) : Heat sink overheat early warning [OH]				
		30 (1030) : Service lifetime alarm [LÎFE]				
		33 (1033) : Reference loss detected [REF OFF] 35 (1035) : Inverter output on [RUN2]				
		36 (1036) : Overload prevention control [OLP]				
		37 (1037) : Current detected				
		38 (1038) : Current detected 2 [ID2] 42 (1042) : PID alarm [PID-ALM]				
		49 (1042) : Switched to motor 2 [SWM2]				
		57 (1057) : Brake signal [BRKS]				
		76 (1076)   : PG error signal   [PĜ-ERR]     80 (1080)   : Over traveling   [OT]				
		80 (1080) : Over traveling [OT]   81 (1081) : Time up of the start timer or the end timer [TO]				
		82 (1082) : Completion of positioning [PSET]				
		83 (1083) : Current position pulse overflow [POF]				
		99 (1099) : Alarm output (for any alarm) [ALM]   Setting the value of 1000s in parentheses () shown above assigns a negative logic input to a terminal.				
		Totaling and raise of 10005 in parentineses ( ) shown above assigns a negative logic input to a terminal.				

<sup>\*1</sup> When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of

<sup>\*1</sup> When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of digits that the LED monitor can display.

(Example) If the setting range is from -200.00 to 200.00, the incremental unit is as follows:

"1" for -200 to -100, "0.1" for -99.9 to -10.0, "0.01" for -9.99 to -0.01, "0.01" for 0.00 to 99.99, and "0.1" for 100.0 to 200.0

\*2 Symbols in the "Data copy" column

Y: Will be copied unconditionally.

Y1: Will not be copied if the rated capacity differs from the source inverter.

Y2: Will not be copied if the rated input voltage differs from the source inverter.

<sup>12.</sup> Will not be copied.

\*3 Reserved for the maker. Do not set any data.

<Changing, validating, and saving function code data when the motor is running>

:impossible, ...: Possible (Change data with 
save/validate it with 
key), ...: Possible (Change and validate data with 
keys and then save it with 
key)

# **Functions Settings**

# **■**Functions Settings

# **©**E codes: Extension Terminal Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
	Frequency Arrival Delay Time	0.01 to 10.00	0.01	S	Υ	0.10
	Frequency Arrival (hysteresis width)	0.0 to 10.0	0.1	Hz	Y	2.5
	Frequency Detection (FDT) (Detection level)		0.1	Hz	Y	60.0
E32	(hysteresis width)		0.1	Hz	Y	1.0
	Overload Early Warning /Current Detection (Level)	0.00 : Disable Current value of 1 to 200% of the inverter rated current	0.01	A	Y1Y2	100% of the motor rated current
E35	(Timer)		0.01	S	Y	
E37 E38	Current detection 2 (Level) (Timer)	0.00 : Disable Current value of 1 to 200% of the inverter rated current 0.01 to 600.00 *1	0.01	A s	Y1Y2 Y	100% of the motor rated current
	Coefficient for Constant Feeding Rate Time	0.000 to 9.999	0.001	_	Y	0.000
	PID Display Coefficient A	-999 to 0.00 to 9990 *1	0.01		Y	100
E41	B	-999 to 0.00 to 9990 *1	0.01	_	Y	0.00
	LED Display filter	0.0 to 5.0	0.1	S	Y	0.5
	LED Monitor (Item selection)	0: Speed monitor (select by E48)	_	_	Y	0
	,	3: Output current				
		4: Output voltage				
		8: Calculated torque				
		9: Input power				
		10: PID command				
		12: PID feedback amount				
		13: Timer				
		14: PID output 15: Load factor				
		16: Motor output 21: Present pulse position				
		22: Deviation of pulse position				
E45	LCD Monitor *4 (Item selection)	0: Running status, rotational direction and operation guide	_	_	Υ	0
2 ,5	(nom selection)	1: Bar charts for output frequency, current and calculated torque			, i	
E48	(Language selection)	0 : Japanese	_	_	Y	1
	, ,	1 : English				
		2 : German				
		3 : French				
		4 : Spanish				
		5 : Italian				
E47	(Contrast control)	0 (Low) to 10 (High)	1		Y	5 0
E48	LED Monitor (Speed monitor item)	O: Output frequency (Before slip compensation)     Coutput frequency (After slip compensation)	_	_	Y	U
		2: Reference frequency				
		3: Motor speed in r/min				
		4: Load shaft speed in r/min				
		5: Line speed in m/min				
		6: Constant feeding rate time				
E50	Coefficient for Speed Indication	0.01 to 200.00 *1	0.01	_	Υ	30.00
	Display Coefficient for Input Watt-hour Data	0.000 (Cancel/reset) 0.001 to 9999	0.001	_	Υ	0.010
E52	Keypad (Menu display mode)	0: Function code data editing mode (Menus #0 and #1)		_	Y	0
		1: Function code data check mode (Menu #2)				
CCO	T : 1/0/10': 1D 5 ''' (0/4/05 ''' )	2: Full-menu mode (Menus #0 through #6)	_	_		0
E59	Terminal [C1] Signal Definition (C1/V2 Function)	0: Current input (C1 function), 4 to 20 mADC 1: Voltage input (V2 function), 0 to +10 VDC		_	Y	U
E8 1	Terminal [12] Extended Function	Selecting function code data assigns the corresponding function to terminals [12] and [C1] (C1/V2 function) as listed below.	_		Υ	0
	Terminal [C1] Extended Function (C1 function)	0: None		_	Y	0
	Terminal [C1] Extended Function (V2 function)	1: Auxiliary frequency command 1		_	Ý	0
		2: Auxiliary frequency command 2				
		3: PID command 1				
		5: PID feedback amount				
	Reference Loss Detection (Continuous running frequency)	0: Decelerate to stop 20 to 120 999: Disable	1	%	Υ	999
	Terminal [FWD] Function	Selecting function code data assigns the corresponding function to terminals [FWD] and [REV] as listed below.		_	Y	98
£99 ·	Terminal [REV] Function	0 (1000) : Select multi-frequency [SS1]		_	Υ	99
		1 (1001) : Select multi-frequency [SS2]				
		2 (1002) : Select multi-frequency [SS4] 3 (1003) : Select multi-frequency [SS8]				
		4 (1004) : Select ACC/DEC time [RT1] 6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD]				
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD]				
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD] 7 (1007) : Coast to a stop [BX]				
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD] 7 (1007) : Coast to a stop [BX]				
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD] 7 (1007) : Coast to a stop [BX] 8 (1008) : Reset alarm [RST]				
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD] 7 (1007) : Coast to a stop [BX] 8 (1008) : Reset alarm [RST] 9 (1009) : Enable external alarm trip [THR]				
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD] 7 (1007) : Coast to a stop [BX] 8 (1008) : Reset alarm [RST] 9 (1009) : Enable external alarm trip [THR] 10 (1010) : Ready for jogging [JOG] 11 (1011) : Select frequency command 2/1 [Hz2/Hz1] 12 (1012) : Select motor 2/motor 1 [M2/M1]				
		6 (1006)       : Enable 3-wire operation       [HLD]         7 (1007)       : Coast to a stop       [BX]         8 (1008)       : Reset alarm       [RST]         9 (1009)       : Enable external alarm trip       [THR]         10 (1010)       : Ready for jogging       [JOG]         11 (1011)       : Select frequency command 2/1       [Hz2/Hz1]         12 (1012)       : Select motor 2/motor 1       [M2/M1]         13       : Enable DC braking       [DCBRK]				
		6 (1006)       : Enable 3-wire operation       [HLD]         7 (1007)       : Coast to a stop       [BX]         8 (1008)       : Reset alarm       [RST]         9 (1009)       : Enable external alarm trip       [THR]         10 (1010)       : Ready for jogging       [JOG]         11 (1011)       : Select frequency command 2/1       [Hz2/Hz1]         12 (1012)       : Select motor 2/motor 1       [M2/M1]         13       : Enable DC braking       [DCBRK]         14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]				
		6 (1006)       : Enable 3-wire operation       [HLD]         7 (1007)       : Coast to a stop       [BX]         8 (1008)       : Reset alarm       [RST]         9 (1009)       : Enable external alarm trip       [THR]         10 (1010)       : Ready for jogging       [JOG]         11 (1011)       : Select frequency command 2/1       [Hz2/Hz1]         12 (1012)       : Select motor 2/motor 1       [M2/M1]         13       : Enable DC braking       [DCBRK]         14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]         17 (1017)       : UP (Increase output frequency)       [UP]				
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD] 7 (1007) : Coast to a stop [BX] 8 (1008) : Reset alarm [RST] 9 (1009) : Enable external alarm trip [THR] 10 (1010) : Ready for jogging [JOG] 11 (1011) : Select frequency command 2/1 [Hz2/Hz1] 12 (1012) : Select motor 2/motor 1 [M2/M1] 13 : Enable DC braking [DCBRK] 14 (1014) : Select torque limiter level [TL2/TL1] 17 (1017) : UP (Increase output frequency) [UP] 18 (1018) : DOWN (Decrease output frequency) [DOWN]				
		6 (1006)         : Enable 3-wire operation         [HLD]           7 (1007)         : Coast to a stop         [BX]           8 (1008)         : Reset alarm         [RST]           9 (1009)         : Enable external alarm trip         [THR]           10 (1010)         : Ready for jogging         JOG]           11 (1011)         : Select frequency command 2/1         [Hz2/Hz1]           12 (1012)         : Select motor 2/motor 1         [M2/M1]           13         : Enable DC braking         [DCBRK]           14 (1014)         : Select torque limiter level         [TL2/TL1]           17 (1017)         : UP (Increase output frequency)         [UP]           18 (1018)         : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)         [DOWN]           19 (1019)         : Enable data change with keypad         [WE-KP]				
		6 (1006)         : Enable 3-wire operation         [HLD]           7 (1007)         : Coast to a stop         [BX]           8 (1008)         : Reset alarm         [RST]           9 (1009)         : Enable external alarm trip         [THR]           10 (1010)         : Ready for jogging         JOG]           11 (1011)         : Select frequency command 2/1         [Hz2/Hz1]           12 (1012)         : Select motor 2/motor 1         [M2/M1]           13         : Enable DC braking         [DCBRK]           14 (1014)         : Select torque limiter level         [TL2/TL1]           17 (1017)         : UP (Increase output frequency)         [UP]           18 (1018)         : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)         [DOWN]           19 (1019)         : Enable data change with keypad         [WE-KP]           20 (1020)         : Cancel PID control         [Hz/PID]				
		6 (1006)         : Enable 3-wire operation         [HLD]           7 (1007)         : Coast to a stop         [BX]           8 (1008)         : Reset alarm         [RST]           9 (1009)         : Enable external alarm trip         [THR]           10 (1010)         : Ready for jogging         [JOG]           11 (1011)         : Select frequency command 2/1         [Hz2/Hz1]           12 (1012)         : Select motor 2/motor 1         [MZ/M1]           13         : Enable DC braking         [DCBRK]           14 (1014)         : Select torque limiter level         [TL2/TL1]           17 (1017)         : UP (Increase output frequency)         [UP]           18 (1018)         : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)         [DOWN]           19 (1019)         : Enable data change with keypad         [WE-KP]           20 (1020)         : Cancel PID control         [Hz/PID]           21 (1021)         : Switch normal/inverse operation         [IVS]				
		6 (1006)         : Enable 3-wire operation         [HLD]           7 (1007)         : Coast to a stop         [BX]           8 (1008)         : Reset alarm         [RST]           9 (1009)         : Enable external alarm trip         [THR]           10 (1010)         : Ready for jogging         [JOG]           11 (1011)         : Select frequency command 2/1         [Hz2/Hz1]           12 (1012)         : Select motor 2/motor 1         [M2/M1]           3         : Enable DC braking         [DCBRK]           14 (1014)         : Select torque limiter level         [TL2/TL1]           17 (1017)         : UP (Increase output frequency)         [UP]           18 (1018)         : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)         [DOWN]           19 (1019)         : Enable data change with keypad         [WE-KP]           20 (1020)         : Cancel PID control         [Hz/PID]           21 (1021)         : Switch normal/inverse operation         [IVS]           24 (1024)         : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus         [LE]				
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD] 7 (1007) : Coast to a stop [BX] 8 (1008) : Reset alarm [RST] 9 (1009) : Enable external alarm trip [THR] 10 (1010) : Ready for jogging [JOG] 11 (1011) : Select frequency command 2/1 [Hz2/Hz1] 12 (1012) : Select motor 2/motor 1 [M2/M1] 13 : Enable DC braking [DCBRK] 14 (1014) : Select torque limiter level [TL2/TL1] 17 (1017) : UP (Increase output frequency) [UP] 18 (1018) : DOWN (Decrease output frequency) [DOWN] 19 (1019) : Enable data change with keypad [WE-KP] 20 (1020) : Cancel PID control [Hz/PID] 21 (1021) : Switch normal/inverse operation [IVS] 24 (1024) : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus [LE] 25 (1025) : Universal DI				
		6 (1006)         : Enable 3-wire operation         [HLD]           7 (1007)         : Coast to a stop         [BX]           8 (1008)         : Reset alarm         [RST]           9 (1009)         : Enable external alarm trip         [THR]           10 (1010)         : Ready for jogging         [JOG]           11 (1011)         : Select frequency command 2/1         [Hz2/Hz1]           12 (1012)         : Select motor 2/motor 1         [M2/M1]           3         : Enable DC braking         [DCBRK]           14 (1014)         : Select torque limiter level         [TL2/TL1]           17 (1017)         : UP (Increase output frequency)         [UP]           18 (1018)         : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)         [DOWN]           19 (1019)         : Enable data change with keypad         [WE-KP]           20 (1020)         : Cancel PID control         [Hz/PID]           21 (1021)         : Switch normal/inverse operation         [IVS]           24 (1024)         : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus         [LE]				
		6 (1006)         : Enable 3-wire operation         [HLD]           7 (1007)         : Coast to a stop         [BX]           8 (1008)         : Reset alarm         [RST]           9 (1009)         : Enable external alarm trip         [THR]           10 (1010)         : Ready for jogging         JOG]           11 (1011)         : Select frequency command 2/1         [Hz2/Hz1]           12 (1012)         : Select motor 2/motor 1         [M2/M1]           13         : Enable DC braking         [DCBRK]           14 (1014)         : Select torque limiter level         [TL2/TL1]           17 (1017)         : UP (Increase output frequency)         [UP]           18 (1018)         : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)         [DOWN]           19 (1020)         : Enable data change with keypad         [WE-KP]           20 (1020)         : Cancel PID control         [Hz/PID]           21 (1021)         : Switch normal/inverse operation         [IVS]           24 (1024)         : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus         [LE]           25 (1025)         : Universal DI         [U-DI]           26 (1026)         : Enable auto search for idling motor speed at starting				
		6 (1006)         : Enable 3-wire operation         [HLD]           7 (1007)         : Coast to a stop         [BX]           8 (1008)         : Reset alarm         [RST]           9 (1009)         : Enable external alarm trip         [THR]           10 (1010)         : Ready for jogging         JOG]           11 (1011)         : Select frequency command 2/1         [Hz2/Hz1]           12 (1012)         : Select motor 2/motor 1         [M2/M1]           13         : Enable DC braking         [DCBRK]           14 (1014)         : Select torque limiter level         [TL2/TL1]           17 (1017)         : UP (Increase output frequency)         [UP]           18 (1018)         : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)         [DOWN]           19 (1019)         : Enable data change with keypad         [WE-KP]           20 (1020)         : Cancel PID control         [Hz/PID]           21 (1021)         : Switch normal/inverse operation         [IVS]           24 (1024)         : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus         [LE]           25 (1025)         : Universal DI         [U-DI]           26 (1026)         : Enable auto search for idling motor speed at starting         [STM]           27 (1027)         : Speed feedback control switch				



#### **©**E codes: Extension Terminal Functions

Func. Code	Namo	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
		42 (1042) : Position control limit switch [L 43 (1043) : Position control start/reset command [S/ 44 (1044) : Serial pulse Receive mode [SPRI 45 (1045) : Position Control return mode [RT 46 (1046) : Overload stopping effective command [OL 98 : Run forward [FW 99 : Run reverse [RE Setting the value of 1000s in parentheses () shown above assigns a negative logic input to a terminal.  Note: In the case of THR and STOP, data (1009) and (1030) are for normal logic, and "9" and "30" are for negative logic, respectively.	k]  ]          			

#### **OC** codes: Control Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
E0 1	Jump Frequency 1	0.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	0.00
503	2				Υ	0.00
C03	3				Υ	0.00
E04	(Hysteresis width)	0.0 to 30.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	3.0
<i>E05</i>	Multi-Frequency 1	0.00 to 400.00	0.01	Hz	Υ	0.00
<i>C08</i>	2				Υ	0.00
607	3				Υ	0.00
E08	4				Υ	0.00
<i>E09</i>	5				Υ	0.00
E 10	6				Υ	0.00
EII	7				Υ	0.00
E 12	8				Υ	0.00
E 13	9				Υ	0.00
E 14	10				Υ	0.00
E 15	11				Υ	0.00
E 18	12				Υ	0.00
E 17	13				Υ	0.00
E 18	14				Υ	0.00
E 19	15				Υ	0.00
620	Jogging Frequency	0.00 to 400.00	0.01	Hz	Υ	0.00
1.53	Timer Operation	0 : Disable	-	-	Υ	0
		1 : Enable				
E 30	Frequency Command 2	0 : 🔕 / 🤡 keys on keypad	-	-	Υ	2
		1: Voltage input to terminal [12] (-10 to +10 VDC)				
		2: Current input to terminal [C1] (C1 function) (4 to 20 mA DC)				
		3: Sum of voltage and current inputs to terminals [12] and [C1] (C1 function)				
		5: Voltage input to terminal [C1] (V2 function) (0 to 10 VDC)				
		7: Terminal command UP / DOWN control				
		11: Didital input (option)				
		12: Pulse input (option)				
<u>E31</u>	Analog Input Adjustment (offset)		0.1	%	Υ	0.0
<u> 532</u>	for [12] (Gain)		0.01	%	Y	100.0
£33	(Filter time constant)		0.01	S	Υ	0.05
£34	(Gain base point)		0.01	%	Y	100.0
£35	(Polarity)		-	-	Υ	1
		1 : Unipolar	0.4	0/		0.0
£38	Analog Input Adjustment (offset)		0.1	%	Y	0.0
537		0.00 to 200.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	100.0
£38	(Filter time constant)		0.01	S	Y	0.05
£39		0.00 to 100.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	100.0 0.0
E41	Analog Input Adjustment (offset) for [C1] (V2 function) (Gain)		0.1	%	Y	100.0
			0.01	% S	Y	0.05
E43	(Filter time constant) (Gain base point)		0.01	%	Y	100.0
544			0.01	%	Y	0.00
£50	Bias (Frequency command 1) (Bias base point) Bias (PID command 1) (Bias value)		0.01	%	Y	0.00
<u> </u>	(Bias base point)		0.01	%	Y	0.00
552	(Blas base point)  Selection of Normal/Inverse Operation (Frequency command 1)		0.01	70	Y	0.00
£53	Selection of Normaninverse Operation (Frequency command 1)	1 : Inverse operation	-	-	ī	U
		1. IIIverse operation				

N: Will not be copied.

<sup>11</sup> When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of digits that the LED monitor can display.

(Example) If the setting range is from -200.00 to 200.00, the incremental unit is as follows:

"1" for -200 to -100, "0.1" for -99.9 to -10.0, "0.01" for -9.99 to -0.01, "0.01" for 0.00 to 99.99, and "0.1" for 100.0 to 200.0

"2 Symbols in the "Data copy" column

Y. Will be copied unconditionally.

Y1: Will not be copied if the rated capacity differs from the source inverter.

Y2: Will not be copied.

<sup>\*3</sup> Reserved for the maker. Do not set any data.

\*4 Use these functions by connection with the multi-tasking keypad (optional).

<Changing, validating, and saving function code data when the motor is running>

: Impossible, : Possible (Change data with \*\* keys and then save/validate it with \*\* key), : Possible (Change and validate data with \*\* key) keys and then save it with \*\* key)



# **■**Functions Settings

### ●P codes: Motor Parameters

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
PO 1	Motor 1 (No. of poles)	2 to 22	2	Pole	Y1Y2	4
P02	(Rated capacity)	0.01 to 30.00 (where, P99 data is 0, 3, or 4.)	0.01	kW	Y1Y2	Rated capacity
		0.01 to 30.00 (where, P99 data is 1.)	0.01	HP		of motor
P03	(Rated current)	0.00 to 100.0	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
P04	(Auto-tuning)	0: Disable	_	_	N	
		1: Enable (Tune %R1 and %X while the motor is stopped.)				0
		2: Enable (Tune %R1, %X and rated slip while the motor is stopped, and no-load current while running.)				
P05	(Online tuning)	0 : Disable	_	_	Υ	0
		1 : Enable				
P08	(No-load current)	0.00 to 50.00	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
P07	(%R1)	0.00 to 50.00	0.01	%	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
P08	(%X)	0.00 to 50.00	0.01	%	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
P09	(Slip compensation gain for driving)	0.0 to 200.0	0.01	%	Υ	100.0
P 10	(Slip compensation response time)	0.00 to 10.00	0.01	S	Y1Y2	0.50
P 11	(Slip compensation gain for braking)	0.0 to 200.0	0.01	%	Υ	100.0
P 12	(Rated slip frequency)	0.00 to 15.00	0.01	Hz	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
P99	Motor 1 Selection	0: Motor characteristics 0 (Fuji standard motors, 8-series)	_	_	Y1Y2	0
		1: Motor characteristics 1 (HP rating motors)				
		3: Motor characteristics 3 (Fuji standard motors, 6-series)				
		4: Other motors				

### **OH codes: High Performance Functions**

H04 A H05 H06 C H07 A	Auto-reset (Times) (Reset interval) Cooling Fan ON/OFF Control Acceleration/Deceleration Pattern Limiting the direction of the motor rotation	0: Disable initialization 1: Initialize all function code data to the factory defaults 2: Initialize motor 1 parameters 3: Initialize motor 2 parameters 0: Disable 1 to 10 0.5 to 20.0 0: Disable (Always in operation) 1: Enable (ON/OFF controllable) 0: Linear 1: S-curve (Weak) 2: S-curve (Strong) 3: Curvilinear	1 0.1 —	Times s -	N Y Y Y	0 5.0 0
H05 C	(Reset interval) Cooling Fan ON/OFF Control Acceleration/Deceleration Pattern	2: Initialize motor 1 parameters 3: Initialize motor 2 parameters 0: Disable 1 to 10 0.5 to 20.0 0: Disable (Always in operation) 1: Enable (ON/OFF controllable) 0: Linear 1: S-curve (Weak) 2: S-curve (Strong)	0.1		Y	5.0
H05 C	(Reset interval) Cooling Fan ON/OFF Control Acceleration/Deceleration Pattern	3: Initialize motor 2 parameters 0: Disable 1 to 10 0.5 to 20.0 0: Disable (Always in operation) 1: Enable (ON/OFF controllable) 0: Linear 1: S-curve (Weak) 2: S-curve (Strong)	0.1		Y	5.0
H05 C	(Reset interval) Cooling Fan ON/OFF Control Acceleration/Deceleration Pattern	0: Disable 1 to 10 0.5 to 20.0 0: Disable (Always in operation) 1: Enable (ON/OFF controllable) 0: Linear 1: S-curve (Weak) 2: S-curve (Strong)	0.1		Y	5.0
H05 CONTROL H07 A	(Reset interval) Cooling Fan ON/OFF Control Acceleration/Deceleration Pattern	0.5 to 20.0 0: Disable (Always in operation) 1: Enable (ON/OFF controllable) 0: Linear 1: S-curve (Weak) 2: S-curve (Strong)	0.1		Y	5.0
H05 C	Cooling Fan ON/OFF Control  Acceleration/Deceleration Pattern	0: Disable (Always in operation) 1: Enable (ON/OFF controllable) 0: Linear 1: S-curve (Weak) 2: S-curve (Strong)		s 	Υ	
H07 A	Acceleration/Deceleration Pattern	1: Enable (ON/OFF controllable) 0: Linear 1: S-curve (Weak) 2: S-curve (Strong)	_	_		0
НОВ Ц		1: S-curve (Weak) 2: S-curve (Strong)	_	_	Υ	
	Limiting the direction of the motor rotation	2: S-curve (Strong)				0
	Limiting the direction of the motor rotation					
	Limiting the direction of the motor rotation	3: Curvilinear				
	Limiting the direction of the motor rotation				Υ	
H09 S		0: Disable	_	_	Y	0
H09 S		Enable (Reverse rotation inhibited)     Enable (Forward rotation inhibited)				
1105	Starting Mode (Auto search)	0: Disable			Υ	0
	Starting Mode (Auto Search)	1: Enable (At restart after momentary power failure)	_	_	'	
		2: Enable (At restart after momentary power failure and at normal start)				
HII D	Deceleration Mode	0: Normal deceleration		_	Υ	0
		1: Coast-to-stop				
<i>H 12</i> In	nstantaneous Overcurrent Limiting (Mode selection)	0 : Disable 1 : Enable	_	_	Υ	1
<i>H 13</i> Re	Restart Mode after Momentary Power Failure (Restart time)	0.1 to 10.0	0.1	S	Y1Y2	Depending on the inverter capacity
H 19	(Frequency fall rate)	0.00 : FSelected deceleration time 0.01 to 100.00	0.01	Hz/s	Y	999
	(i requeries fair rate)	999: Follow the current limit command	0.01	112/0		000
H 15	(Allowable momentary power failure time)	0.0 to 30.0 999 : Automatically determined by inverter	0.1	s	Υ	999
	Thermistor (Mode selection)	0: Disable	_	_	Υ	0
	, ,	1: Enable (With PTC, the inverter immediately trips with CHY displayed.)0.00 to 5.00V				
		2: Enable (With PTC, the inverter issues output signal THM and continues to run.				
H27	(Level)		0.01	V	Υ	1.60
	Droop control	-60.0 to 0.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	0.0
<i>H30</i> C	Communications Link Function (Mode selection)	Frequency command Run command	_	_	Υ	0
		0: F01/C30 F02				
		1: RS-485 F02				
		2: F01/C30 RS-485				
		3: RS-485 RS-485 4: RS-485 (option) F02				
		4: RS-485 (option) F02 5: RS-485 (option) RS-485				
		6: F01/C30 RS-485 (option)				
		7: RS-485 (option)				
		8: RS-485 (option) RS-485 (option)				
H45 C	Capacitance of DC Link Bus Capacitor	Indication for replacing DC link bus capacitor (0000 to FFFF: Hexadecimal)	1	_	N	_
	Cumulative Run Time of Cooling Fan	Indication of cumulative run time of cooling fan for replacement	_	_	N	_
HYY S	Startup Times of Motor 1	Indication of cumulative startup times	_	_	N	_
	Mock Alarm	0: Disable 1: Enable (Once a mock alarm occurs, the data automatically returns to 0.)	_	_	N	0
	nitial Capacitance of DC Link Bus Capacitor	Indication for replacing DC link bus capacitor (0000 to FFFF: Hexadecimal)		_	N	Set at factory shipping
	Cumulative Run Time of Capacitors on Printed Circuit Boards	Indication for replacing capacitors on printed circuit boards (0000 to FFFF: Hexadecimal). Resettable.		_	N	_
	Starting Mode (Delay time)	0.0 to 10.0	0.1	S	Υ	0.0
	Non-linear V/f Pattern,1 (Frequency)	0.0 : Cancel 0.1 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Y	0.0
HS I	(Voltage)	0 to 240 : Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series) 0 to 500 : Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)	1	V	Y2	0
HS2 N	Non-linear V/f Pattern,2 (Frequency)	0.0 : Cancel 0.1 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	0.0
HS3	(Voltage)		1	V	Y2	0
	, 31)	0 to 500: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)				
HSY A	ACC/DEC time (Jogging operation)		0.01	s	Υ	6.00
<i>HS5</i> D	Deceleration Time for Forced Stop	0.00 to 3600	0.01	s	Υ	6.00



### **OH** codes: High Performance Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
H5 1	UP/DOWN Control (Initial frequency setting)	0 : 0.00 1 : Last UP /DOWN command value on releasing run command	_	_	Υ	1
H63	Low Limiter (Mode selection)	0 : Limit by F16 (Frequency limiter: Low) and continue to run 1 : If the output frequency lowers less than the one limited by F16 (Frequency limiter: Low), decelerate to stop the motor.	_	_	Y	0
нач	(Lower limiting frequency)	0.0 (Depends on F16 (Frequency limiter: Low)) 0.1 to 60.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	1.6
H58	Slip Compensation 1 (Operating conditions)	Second control of the control o	_	_	Y	0
H69	Automatic Deceleration (Mode selection)	Disable     Enable (Canceled if actual deceleration time exceeds three times the one specified by F08/E11.)     Enable (Not canceled if actual deceleration time exceeds three times the one specified by F08/E11.)	_	_	Y	0
סרא	Overload Prevention Control	0.00 : Follow deceleration time specified by F08/E11 0.01 to 100.0 999: Disable	0.01	Hz/s	Y	999
нтт	Deceleration Characteristics	0 : Disable 1 : Enable	_	_	Υ	0
H78	Torque Limiter (Frequency increment limit for braking)	0.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Y	5.0
H80	Output Current Fluctuation Damping Gain for Motor 1	0.00 to 0.40	0.01	_	Υ	0.20
H89 l H90	Reserved. *3					
H9 I	C1 Disconnection Detection Time (PID control feedback line)	0.0: Disable 0.1 to 60.0: Detection time	_	s	Y	0.0
нвч	Cumulative Motor Run Time 1	Change or reset the cumulative data	_	_	N	_
H95	DC Braking (Braking response mode)	0 : Slow 1 : Quick	-	_	Υ	1
H98	STOP Key Priority/ Start Check Function	Item Data 0 1 2 3	_	_	Υ	0
		STOP key priority Disable Enable Disable Enable  Start check function Disable Disable Enable Enable				
H97	Clear Alarm Data	Setting H97 data to "1" clears alarm data and then returns to zero.	_	_	N	0
Н98	Protection/Maintenance Function (Mode selection)	0 to 31: Display data on the keypad's LED monitor in decimal format (In each bit, "0" for disabled, "1" for enabled.) Bit 0 : Lower the carrier frequency automatically Bit 1 : Detect input phase loss Bit 2 : Detect output phase loss Bit 3 : Select life judgment threshold of DC link bus capacitor	_	_	Y	19 (bit 4,1,0=1)
		Bit 4 : Judge the life of DC link bus capacitor				

### A codes: Motor 2 Parameters

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
80 I	Maximum Frequency 2	25.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	60.0
802	Base Frequency 2	25.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	60.0
R03	Rated Voltage at Base	0: Output a voltage in proportion to input voltage	1	V	Y2	220
	Frequency 2	80 to 240: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series)				
		160 to 500: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)				
<i>804</i>	Maximum output Voltage 2	80 to 240V: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series)	1	V	Y2	380
		160 to 500V: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)				
ROS	Torque Boost 2	0.0 to 20.0(percentage with respect to "A03: Rated Voltage at Base Frequency 2")	0.1	%	Y	Depending on
		Note: This setting takes effect when A13 = 0, 1, 3, or 4.				the inverter capacity
R05	Electronic Thermal Overload Protection for Motor 2	1 : For a general-purpose motor with shaft-driven cooling fan	_	_	Y	1
	(Select motor characteristics)					
807		0.00 : Disable 1 to 135% of the rated current (allowable continuous drive current) of the motor	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	100% of the motor rated current
R08	(Thermal time constant)		0.1	min	Y	5.0
R09	DC (Braking starting frequency)		0.1	Hz	Y	0.0
R 10	Braking 2 (Braking level)		11	%	Υ	0
811		0.00 : Disable 0.01 to 30.00	0.01	S	Y	0.00
8 12	Starting Frequency 2	0.1 to 60.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	0.5
R 13	Load Selection/	0 : Variable torque load	_	_	Y	1
	Auto Torque Boost /	1 : Constant torque load				
	Auto Energy Saving Operation 2	2 : Auto-torque boost				
		3 : Auto-energy saving operation (Variable torque load during ACC/DEC)				
		4 : Auto-energy saving operation (Constant torque load during ACC/DEC)				
		5 : Auto-energy saving operation (Auto-torque boost during ACC/DEC)				
8 14	Control Mode Selection 2	0 : V/f operation with slip compensation inactive	_	_	Υ	0
		1 : Dynamic torque vector operation				
		2 : V/f operation with slip compensation active				
		3 : V/f operation with PG				
		4 : Dynamic torque vector operation with PG				

<sup>\*\*1</sup> When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of digits that the LED monitor can display.

(Example) If the setting range is from -200.00 to 200.00, the incremental unit is as follows:

"1" for -200 to -100, "0.1" for -99.9 to -10.0, "0.01" for -9.99 to -0.01, "0.01" for 0.00 to 99.99, and "0.1" for 100.0 to 200.0

\*2 Symbols in the "Data copy" column

Y: Will be copied unconditionally.

Y1: Will not be copied if the rated capacity differs from the source inverter.

Y2: Will not be copied.

<sup>\*3</sup> Reserved for the maker. Do not set any data.

<Changing, validating, and saving function code data when the motor is running>

: Impossible, : Possible (Change data with 

keys and then save/alidate it with 

key), : Possible (Change and validate data with 

key)

keys and then save it with 

key)

# **Functions Settings**

# **■**Functions Settings

# •A codes: Motor 2 Parameters

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
R 15	Motor 2 (No. of poles)	2 to 22	2	Pole	Y1Y2	4
R 15	(Rated capacity)	0.01 to 30.00 (where, P99 data is 0, 3, or 4.)	0.01	kW	Y1Y2	Rated capacity
		0.01 to 30.00 (where, P99 data is 1.)	0.01	HP		of motor
R 17	(Rated current)	0.00 to 100.0	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
R 18	(Auto-tuning)	0: Disable	_	_	N	0
		1 : Enable (Tune %R1 and %X while the motor is stopped.)				
		2 : Enable (Tune %R1, %X and rated slip while the motor is stopped, and no-load current while running.)				
R 19	(ON-Line tuning)	0 : Disable	_	_	Υ	0
		1 : Enable				
820	(No-load current)	0.00 to 50.00	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
R2 1		0.00 to 50.00	0.01	%	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
822	(%X)	0.00 to 50.00	0.01	%	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
R23	(Slip compensation gain for driving)	0.0 to 200.0	0.01	%	Y	100.0
824	(Slip compensation response time)		0.01	S	Y1Y2	0.50
R25	(Slip compensation gain for braking)		0.01	%	Υ	100.0
R26	(Rated slip frequency)		0.01	Hz	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
R39	Motor 2 Selection	0 : Motor characteristics 0 (Fuji standard motors, 8-series)	_	_	Y1Y2	0
		1 : Motor characteristics 1 (HP rating motors)				
		3 : Motor characteristics 3 (Fuji standard motors, 6-series)				
		4 : Other motors				
840	Slip compensation 2	0 : Enable during ACC/DEC and enable at base frequency or above	_	_	Υ	0
	(Operating conditions)	1 : Disable during ACC/DEC and enable at base frequency or above				
		2 : Enable during ACC/DEC and disable at base frequency or above				
		3 : Disable during ACC/DEC and disable at base frequency or above				
841	Output Current Fluctuation Damping Gain for Motor 2	0.00 to 0.40	0.01		Υ	0.20
845	Cumulative Motor Run Time 2	Change or reset the cumulative data	_	_	N	_
848	Startup Times of Motor 2	Indication of cumulative startup times	_	_	N	_

### J codes: Application Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
J0 I	PID Control (Mode selection)	0 : Disable	_	_	Υ	0
		1 : Enable (Process control, normal operation)				
		2 : Enable (Process control, inverse operation)				
		3 : Enable (Dancer control)				
905	(Remote command SV)	0 : UP/DOWN keys on keypad	_	<b>—</b>	Υ	0
		1 : PID command 1				
		3 : Terminal command UP /DOWN control				
	= (5.1)	4 : Command via communications link				2 1 2 2
J03	P (Gain)	0.000 to 30.000 *1	0.001	Times	Y	0.100
J04	I (Integral time)	0.0 to 3600.0 *1	0.1	S	Y	0.0
J05	D (Differential time)	0.0 to 600.00 *1	0.01	S	Υ	0.00
J08	(Feedback filter)	0.0 to 900.0	0.1	S	Y	0.5
J 10	PID Control (Anti reset windup)	0 to 200	1	%	Y	200
JII	(Select alarm output)	0 : Absolute-value alarm	_	_	Υ	0
		1 : Absolute-value alarm (with Hold)				
		2 : Absolute-value alarm (with Latch)				
		3 : Absolute-value alarm (with Hold and Latch)				
		4 : Deviation alarm				
		5 : Deviation alarm (with Hold)				
		6 : Deviation alarm (with Latch)				
		7 : Deviation alarm (with Hold and Latch)				
J 12	(Upper level alarm (AH))	-100 to 100	1	%	Υ	100
J 13	(Lower level alarm (AL))	-100 to 100	1	%	Υ	0
J 18	(Upper limit of PID process output)	-150 to 150 999 : F Disable	1	%	Υ	999
J 19	(Lower limit of PID process output)	-150 to 150 999 : F Disable	1	%	Υ	999
J58	(Speed command filter)	0.00 to 5.00	0.01	S	Υ	0.10
J57	(Dancer reference position)	-100 to 100	1	%	Y	0
J58		0 : Disable switching PID constant	1	%	Υ	0
100	(Detection width of Dancer position deviation )	1 to 100	0.004			0.400
J59	P (gain) 2	0.000 to 30.00 *1	0.001	times	Y	0.100
J60	I (Integration time) 2	0.0 to 3600.0 *1	0.1	S	Y	0.0
J5 I	D (Derivative time) 2	0.00 to 600.00 *1	0.01	S	Y	0.00
J62	(Selection PID control block)		1	_	Υ	0
	(PID control block Selection)	Bit 0 : PID output pole 0 = addition, 1 = subtraction				
15.3		Bit 1 : Select compensation of output ratio 0 = speed command, 1 = ratio				
J63	Overload stop (Detection value)	0 : Torque	_	_	Υ	0
117.11		1 : Current	0.4	0/		
J84 J85	(Detection level)	20 to 200	0.1	%	Y	100
000	(Mode selection)	0 : Disable	_	_	Y	0
		1 : Decelerate to stop				
		2 : Coast to a stop				
ICC	(Operation and discuss	3 : Hit mechanical stop			Υ	0
J85	(Operation condition)	0 : Enable at constant speed and during deceleration	_	_	Y	0
		1 : Enable at constant speed				
<i>J</i> 67	(Time a)	2 : Enable anytime	0.01		V	0
J88	(Timer)	0.00 to 600.00	1	%	Y	0
	Braking signal (Released current)	0 to 200	0.1	Hz	Y	100
J69 J70	(Brake OFF frequency)	0.0 to 25.0	0.1			1.0
J71	(Brake OFF timer)	0.0 to 5.0	_	S	Y	1.0
J72	(Brake ON frequency)	0.0 to 25.0	0.1	Hz		1.0
UIC	(Brake ON timer)	0.0 to 5.0	U.T	S	Υ	1.0



### **J** codes: Application Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
ال <i>113</i>	Position control (the start timer)		0.1	S	Υ	0.0
J74	(Start point: MSD)		1	р	Υ	0
J 75	(Start point: LSD)	[P], 0 to 9999	1	р	Υ	0
J76	(Position preset: MSD)		1	р	Υ	0
174 175 176 177 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 186 187	(Position preset: LSD)		1	р	Υ	0
J 78	(Creep speed switch point: MSD)		1	р	Υ	0
J 79	(Creep speed switch point: LSD)	0 to 9999	1	р	Υ	0
J80	(Creep speed)		1	Hz	Υ	0
J8 I	(Stopping position: MSD)		1	р	Υ	0
J82	(Stopping position: LSD)		1	р	Υ	0
J83	(Completion width)		1	р	Υ	0
J84		0.0 to 1000.0	0.1	S	Υ	0.0
J85	(Coasting compensation)		1	р	Υ	0
J85	(Stopping position specifying method)		_	_	Υ	0
J87	(Position pre-set condition)		_	_	Υ	0
J88	(Position detecting direction)		_	_	Υ	0
J80	Overload stopping, torque limit P (Gain)	0.000 to 2.000, 999	0.001	_	Υ	999
J9 I	Function, torque limit   (Integral time)	0.001 to 9.999, 999	0.001	S	Υ	999
J92	Current control level	50.0 to 150.0	0.1	%	Υ	100.0

### v codes: Link Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
90 T	RS-485 Communication (Standard) (Station address)	1 to 255	1	_	Υ	1
A05	(Communications error processing)	0: Immediately trip with alarm <code>Er8</code> 1: Trip with alarm <code>Er8</code> after running for the period specified by timer y03 2: Retry during the period specified by timer y13.If the retry fails, trip with alarm <code>Er8</code> . If it succeeds, continue to run. 3: Continue to run	_	_	Y	0
903	(Timer)	0.0 to 60.0	0.1	S	Υ	2.0
<i>904</i>	(Baud rate)	0: 2400 bps 1: 4800 bps 2: 9600 bps 3: 19200 bps 4: 38400 bps	ı	_	Y	3
905	(Data length)	0 : 8 bits 1 : 7 bits	_	_	Y	0
906	(Parity check)	None (2 stop bits for Modbus RTU)     Even parity (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU)     Odd parity (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU)     None (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU)	_	_	Y	0
רסצ	(Stop bits)	0 : 2 bits 1 : 1 bit		-	Υ	0
908	(No-response error detection time)	0 : No detection 1 to 60	1	S	Y	0
909	(Response interval)	0.00 to 1.00	0.01	S	Υ	0.01
9 10	(Protocol selection)	: Modbus RTU protocol     : FRENIC Loader protocol (SX protocol)     : Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol	_	_	Y	1
911	RS-485 Communication (Option) (Station address)	1 to 255	1		Υ	1
8 15	(Communications error processing)	0: Immediately trip with alarm \( \frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon} \) 1: Trip with alarm \( \frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon} \) 2: Retry during the period specified by timer y13. If the retry fails, trip with alarm \( \frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon} \). If it succeeds, continue to run.  3. Continue to run.	_	_	Y	0
9 13 9 19	(Timer)	0.0 to 60.0	0.1	S	Y	2.0
	(Baud rate)	0: 2400 bps 1: 4800 bps 2: 9600 bps 3: 19200 bps 4: 38400 bps	ı	-		3
<i>y</i> 15	(Data length)	0 : 8 bits 1 : 7 bits	1	_	Y	0
Y 16	(Parity check)	None (2 stop bits for Modbus RTU)     Even parity (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU)     Odd parity (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU)     None (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU)	_	_	Y	0
9 17	(Stop bits)	0 : 2 bits 1 : 1 bit	_	_	Y	0
9 18	(No-response error detection time)	0 : No detection 1 to 60	1	S	Y	0
9 19	(Response interval)	0.00 to 1.00	0.01	S	Υ	0.01
920	(Protocol selection)	Modbus RTU protocol     Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol	_	_	Y	0
998	Bus Link Function (Mode selection)	Frequency command 0: Follow H30 data 1: Via field bus option 2: Follow H30 data Via field bus option 3: Via field bus option Via field bus option Calculate Automated	_	_	Y	0
<i>999</i>	Loader Link Function (Mode selection)	Frequency command 0: Follow H30 and y98 data 1: Via RS-485 link (Loader) 2: Follow H30 and y98 data Via RS-485 link (Loader) 3: Via RS-485 link (Loader) Via RS-485 link (Loader)	_	_	N	0

<sup>\*1</sup> When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of digits that the LED monitor can display.

(Example) If the setting range is from -200.00 to 200.00, the incremental unit is as follows: "1" for -200 to -100, "0.1" for r-9.99 to -10.01" for -9.99 to -0.01, "0.01" for 0.00 to 99.99, and "0.1" for 100.0 to 200.0

\*2 Symbols in the "Data copy" column Y: Will be copied unconditionally. Y1: Will not be copied if the rated capacity differs from the source inverter.

Y2: Will not be copied if the rated input voltage differs from the source inverter. N: Will not be copied.
\*3 Reserved for the maker. Do not set any data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;Changing, validating, and saving function code data when the motor is running>
: Impossible, : Possible (Change data with keys and then save/validate it with key), : Possible (Change and validate data with keys and then save it with key)

# **Functions Settings**

# **■**Functions Settings

### o codes: Link Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
o0 1	Command/feedback input (Input form selection)	0, 1, 2, 10, 11, 12, 20, 21, 22	1	_	Υ	0
602	Speed control (P item)	0.01 to 200.00	0.01	_	Υ	10.00
003	(I item)	0.000 to 5.000	0.001	S	Υ	0.100
<u>084</u>	(Filter time constant)	0.000 to 5.000	0.001	S	Y	0.020
005	(Pulse line input) (Encode pulse number)	20 to 3600	1	_	Y	1024
<u>-008</u>	(Filter time constant)	0.000 to 5.000 1 to 9999	0.001	S	Y	0.005
607 608	(Pulse compensation coefficient 1) (Pulse compensation coefficient 2)		1	=	Y	1
000	Feedback (Feedback input)		1	=	Y	1024
003	(Encoder pulse number)	20 10 3000	'		'	1024
o 10	(Filter time constant)	0.000 to 5.000	0.001	s	Υ	0.005
011	(Pulse compensation coefficient 1)		1	_	Υ	1
0.12	(Pulse compensation coefficient 2)	1 to 9999	1	_	Y	1
o 13	Speed control (Output limiter)	0.00 to 100.00	0.01	%	Υ	100.00
6 14	Reserved *3	0.1	1	_	Υ	0
o 15	Reserved *3	0.1	1	_	Υ	0
o 18	Reserved *3	0 to 255	1	_	Υ	0
6 17	Excessive speed deviation (Level)	0 to 50	1	%	Υ	10
o 18	(Timer)	0.0 to 10.0	0.1	S	Υ	0.5
o 19	PG abnormal error selection	0, 1, 2	1	_	Υ	2
020	DIO option (DI mode selection)	0: 8 bit binary setting 1: 12 bit binary setting 4: BCD 3-digit setting 0 to 99.9	_	_	Y	0
		5: BCD 3-digit setting 0 to 999				
62.1	(DO mode selection)	0: Output frequency (befor slip compensation)	_	_	Υ	0
	(= =)	1: Out put frequency (after slip compensation)			-	
		2: Output current				
		3: Output voltage				
		4: Output torque				
		5: Overload rate				
		6: Power consumption				
		7: PID feedback amount				
		9: DC link circuit voltage				
		13: Motor output				
		15: PID command (SV)				
		16: PID command (MV)				
		99: Individual signal output				
027	Transmission error (Operation selection)	0 to 15	1	_	Y	0
- 20	(Timer selection)	0.0 to 60.0 0 to 255	0.1	S	Y	0.0
o30	Bus setting parameter 1	0 to 255	1		Y	0
032	Bus setting parameter 2 Bus setting parameter 3	0 to 255	1		Y	0
033	Bus setting parameter 4	0 to 255	1	_	Ý	0
634	Bus setting parameter 5	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
035	Bus setting parameter 6	0 to 255	1	_	Ý	0
038	Bus setting parameter 7	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
637	Bus setting parameter 8	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
o38	Bus setting parameter 9	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
639	Bus setting parameter 10	0 to 255	1	_	Υ	0
640	Writing function code allocation 1	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Υ	0000H
641	Writing function code allocation 2	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Υ	0000H
642	Writing function code allocation 3	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Υ	0000H
U ⊃			1 .		Υ	0000H
כרם	Writing function code allocation 4	0000H to FFFFH	1			
044	Writing function code allocation 5	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Υ	0000H
644 645	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6	0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH	1	=	Υ	0000H
644 645 646	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7	0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH	1	_ _ _	Y	0000H 0000H
644 645 646 647	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8	0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1	_	Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H
644 645 646 647 648	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 1	0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1	_ _ _	Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H
044 045 046 047 048	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 1 Read function code allocation 2	0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1 1	_ _ _ _	Y Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H
644 645 646 647 648 649	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 1 Read function code allocation 2 Read function code allocation 3	0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1 1 1	_ _ _	Y Y Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H
644 645 647 648 649 650 651	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 1 Read function code allocation 2 Read function code allocation 3 Read function code allocation 4	0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1 1 1 1	_ _ _ _	Y Y Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H
644 645 647 648 649 650 651 652	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 1 Read function code allocation 2 Read function code allocation 3 Read function code allocation 4 Read function code allocation 5	0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	_ _ _ _	Y Y Y Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H
644 645 646 647 648 650 651 652 653	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 1 Read function code allocation 2 Read function code allocation 3 Read function code allocation 4 Read function code allocation 5 Read function code allocation 5 Read function code allocation 6	0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	_ _ _ _	Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H
644 645 646 647 648 650 651 652 653 654	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 1 Read function code allocation 2 Read function code allocation 3 Read function code allocation 4 Read function code allocation 5 Read function code allocation 5 Read function code allocation 6 Read function code allocation 7	0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- - - - - - - -	Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H
644 645 646 647 648 650 651 652 653 654 655	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 1 Read function code allocation 2 Read function code allocation 3 Read function code allocation 4 Read function code allocation 5 Read function code allocation 5 Read function code allocation 6 Read function code allocation 7 Read function code allocation 8	0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	_ _ _ _	Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H
644 645 646 647 648 650 651 652 653 654 655 656	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 1 Read function code allocation 2 Read function code allocation 3 Read function code allocation 4 Read function code allocation 5 Read function code allocation 6 Read function code allocation 7 Read function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 9	0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- - - - - - - -	Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H
644 645 647 648 649 650 651 652 653 654 655	Writing function code allocation 5 Writing function code allocation 6 Writing function code allocation 7 Writing function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 1 Read function code allocation 2 Read function code allocation 3 Read function code allocation 4 Read function code allocation 5 Read function code allocation 5 Read function code allocation 6 Read function code allocation 7 Read function code allocation 8	0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- - - - - - - -	Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H 0000H

<sup>\*1</sup> When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of digits that the LED monitor can display.

(Example) If the setting range is from -200.00 to 200.00, the incremental unit is as follows: "1" for -200 to -100, "0.1" for -9.99 to -10.0, "0.01" for -9.99 to -0.01, "0.01" for 0.00 to 99.99, and "0.1" for 100.0 to 200.0

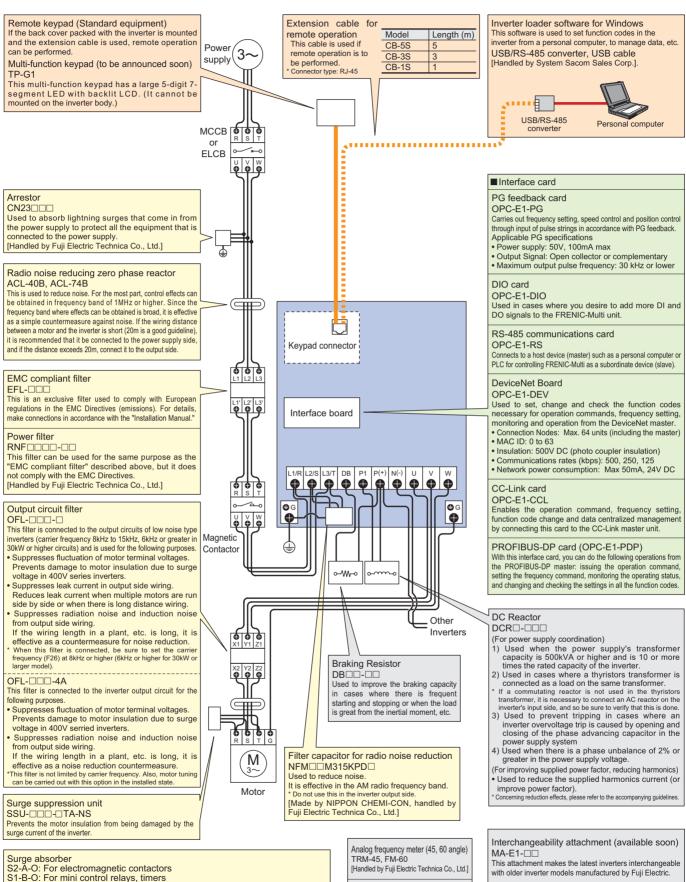
\*2 Symbols in the "Data copy" column

Y: Will be copied unconditionally.

Y1: Will not be copied if the rated capacity differs from the source inverter.



# **Peripheral Equipment Connection Diagrams**



with older inverter models manufactured by Fuji Electric.

External cooling fan attachment (available soon)

This is an attachment for relocating the inverter's cooling fan to the outside of the control panel.

Surge killer Absorbs external surges and noise, preventing malfunction of electronic devices used in control panels, etc

[Handled by Fuji Electric Technica Co., Ltd.]

Absorbs surges and noise generated from other electrical devices to prevent other equipment from malfunctioning.

-31-

Frequency setting volume RJ-13, WAR3W-1kΩ [Handled by Fuji Electric Technica Co., Ltd.]



# **Options**

# **■** Options

Braking resistor

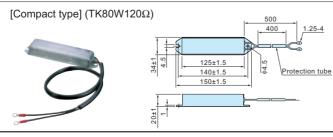
	oe] (DB□□□-2) e] (DB□□□-2C					S
Fig. A	Fig. B	Fig. C	Fig. D	Fig. E	Fig. F  W  R3.5  W1  ©15	1 t
1-1 O		10000000000000000000000000000000000000		7		

Type, sp	ecifications and	exterr	nal dimer	sions					[L	Jnit: n	nm]
			Voltad	ne er	Fig		Dimen	sions fr	nml	Mass	
			200V series 400V series			W	W1	Н	H1	D	[kg]
		Standard	DB0.75-2	DB0.75-4	Α	64	_	310	295	67	1.3
		type	DB2.2-2	_	Α	76	_	345	332	94	2.0
ı. E	Fig. F		_	DB2.2-4	Α	64	_	470	455	67	2.0
•	•		DB3.7-2	_	Α	76	_	345	332	94	2.0
N	W R3.5		_	DB3.7-4	Α	64	_	470	455	67	1.7
	ψ1 <sub>0</sub> φ15		DB5.5-2	_	В	90	90	450	430	67.5	4.5
1			_	DB5.5-4	В	74	74	470	455	67	4.5
			DB7.5-2	_	В	90	90	390	370	90	5.0
			_	DB7.5-4	В	74	74	520	495	67	5.0
			DB11-2	_	С	142	74	430	415	160	6.9
도모			_	DB11-4	С	142	74	430	415	160	6.9
			DB15-2	_	С	142	74	430	415	160	6.9
	•••		_	DB15-4	С	142	74	430	415	160	6.9
		10%ED	DB0.75-2C	DB0.75-4C	D	43	_	221	215	30.5	0.5
	7	type	DB2.2-2C	DB2.2-4C	Е	67	_	188	172	55	0.8
<u> </u>	- <del></del>		DB3.7-2C	DB3.7-4C	Е	67	_	328	312	55	1.6
7	_Щ		DB5.5-2C	DB5.5-4C	Е	_	_	378	362	78	2.9
<u> </u>			DB7.5-2C	DB7.5-4C	Е	_	_	418	402	78	3.3
	9 9 9		DB11-2C	DB11-4C	F	80	50	460	440	140	4.3
	700 -		DB15-2C	DB15-4C	F	80	50	580	440	140	5.6



Braking	Power			0.		Max	braking to	rque [%]		us braking onversion value)	Repetitive [Each cycle is les	
resistor	supply	Inverter type	Type	Qty.	Resistance [Ω]			60 [HZ]				
type	voltage	,,	**		[52]		[N • m]	[N • m]	Discharging capacity [kWs]	Braking time [s]	Average allowable loss [kW]	[%ED]
		FRN0.4E1□-2■	DB0.75-2	1	100		4.02	3.32	9		0.044	22
		FRN0.75E1□-2■	550.702				7.57	6.25	17	45	0.068	18
		FRN1.5E1□-2	DB2.2-2	1	40	150	15.0	12.4	34		0.075	10
	Three-	FRN2.2E1□-2					22.0	18.2	33	30	0.077	7
	phase	FRN3.7E1□-2	DB3.7-2	1	33		37.1	30.5	37	20	0.093	5
	200V	FRN5.5E1□-2	DB5.5-2	1	20		54.3	40.5	55	20	0.138	5
		FRN7.5E1□-2	DB7.5-2	1	15	150	74.4	61.6	37		0.188	5
		FRN11E1□-2■	DB11-2	1	10		108	89.5	55	10	0.275	5
		FRN15E1□-2■	DB15-2	1	8.6		147	122	75		0.375	5
		FRN0.4E1□-4■	DB0.75-4	1	200		4.02	3.32	9		0.044	22
Standard		FRN0.75E1□-4■	DB0.73-4	<u>'</u>	200		7.57	6.25	17	45	0.068	18
type		FRN1.5E1□-4■	DB2.2-4	1	160	150	15.0	12.4	34		0.075	10
	Three-	FRN2.2E1□-4■	DB2.2-4	'	100		22.0	18.2	33	30	0.077	7
	phase	FRN3.7E1□-4	DB3.7-4	1	130		37.1	30.5	37	20	0.093	5
	400V	FRN5.5E1□-4	DB5.5-4	1	80		54.3	45.0	55	20	1.138	5
		FRN7.5E1□-4■	DB7.5-4	1	60	150	73.6	61.6	38		0.188	5
		FRN11E1□-4■	DB11-4	1	40	150	108	89.5	55	10	0.275	5
		FRN15E1□-4■	DB15-4	1	34.4		147	122	75		0.375	5
		FRN0.4E1□-7■	DB0.75-2	1	100		4.02	3.32	9		0.044	22
	Single-	FRN0.75E1□-7■	DB0.73-2	'	100	150	7.57	6.25	17	45	0.068	18
	phase 200V	FRN1.5E1□-7■	DB2.2-2	1	40	130	15.0	12.4	34		0.075	10
	2001	FRN2.2E1□-7■	DB2.2-2	'	40		22.0	18.2	33	30	0.077	7
		FRN0.4E1□-2■	DB0.75-2C	1	100		4.02	3.32	50	250	0.075	37
		FRN0.75E1□-2■	DB0.73-2C	'	100		7.57	6.25	30	133	0.075	20
		FRN1.5E1□-2■	DB2.2-2C	1	40	150	15.0	12.4	55	73	0.110	14
	Three-	FRN2.2E1□-2■	DB2.2-2C	'	40		22.0	18.2	33	50	0.110	10
	phase	FRN3.7E1□-2■	DB3.7-2C	1	33		37.1	30.5	140	75	0.185	10
	200V	FRN5.5E1□-2	DB5.5-2C	1	20		54.3	40.5	55	20	0.275	10
		FRN7.5E1□-2■	DB7.5-2C	1	15	150	74.4	61.6	37		0.375	10
		FRN11E1□-2■	DB11-2C	1	10	100	108	89.5	55	10	0.55	10
		FRN15E1□-2■	DB15-2C	1	8.6		147	122	75		0.75	10
		FRN0.4E1□-4■	DB0.75-4C	1	200		4.02	3.32	50	250	5	37
10%ED		FRN0.75E1□-4■	DB0.73-4C		200		7.57	6.25	30	133		20
type		FRN1.5E1□-4■	DB2.2-4C	1	160	150	15.0	12.4	55	73	0.110	14
	Three-	FRN2.2E1□-4■	DD2.2-40	'	100	150	22.0	18.2	33	50	0.110	10
	phase	FRN3.7E1□-4■	DB3.7-4C	1	130		37.1	30.5	140	75	0.185	10
	400V	FRN5.5E1□-4 <b>■</b>	DB5.5-4C	1	80		54.3	45.0	55	20	0.275	10
		FRN7.5E1□-4■	DB7.5-4C	1	60	150	73.5	61.6	38		0.375	10
		FRN11E1□-4 <b>■</b>	DB11-4C	1	40	150	108	89.5	55	10	0.55	10
		FRN15E1□-4 <b>■</b>	DB15-4C	1	34.4		147	122	75		0.75	10
	0: 1	FRN0.4E1□-7	DB0.75-2C	1	100		4.02	3.32	50	250	0.075	37
	Single- phase	FRN0.75E1□-7■	200.73-20		100	150	7.57	6.25	50	133	0.073	20
	200V	FRN1.5E1□-7 <b>■</b>	DB2.2-2C	1	40	100	15.0	12.4	55	73	0.110	14
	2004	FRN2.2E1□-7■	DB2.2-20		40		22.0	18.2	55	50	0.110	10
			□· S or	E 0.6	standard F	E. EMC	filtor built	in type	· Λ(Λεία) k	(Koroa Tai	wan). C(China	) // Japan)

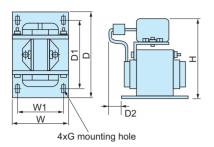
□: S or E S: standard E: EMC filter built-in type ■: A(Asia), K(Korea, Taiwan), C(China), J(Japan)



Power source voltage		Type			TK80W120Ω	TK80W120Ω								
	Resistance	Capacity [kW]	0.08											
	rtoolotarioo	Resistance [Ω]	120											
			FRN0.4	FRN0.75	FRN1.5	FRN2.2	FRN3.7							
nree- phase	Applicabl	e inverter	E1□-2■	E1□-2■	E1□-2■	E1□-2■	E1□-2■							
200V	Applied n	notor output [kW]	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7							
	Average	braking torque [%]	150	130	100	65	45							
	Allowable	Allowable duty cycle [%]	15	5	5	5	5							
	limits	Continuous allowable braking time	15s	15s	10s	10s	10s							

NOTE: This resistor is not applicable to three-phase 400V series and single-phase 200V series.

### DC REACTOR

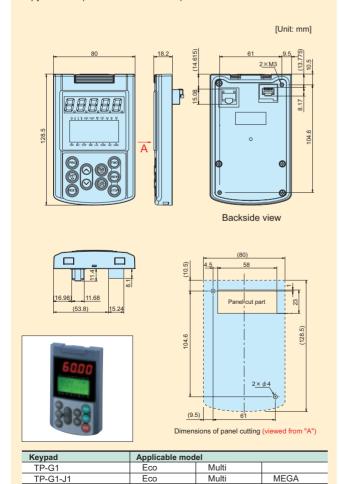


Power supply	Applicable motor rating	Inverter type	REACTOR			Dii	mensio	ons [mi	m]			Mass
voltage	[kW]	,,	type	W	W1	D	D1	D2	Н	Mounting hole	Terminal hole	[kg]
	0.1	FRN0.1E1□-2	DCR2-0.2	66	56	90	72	5	94	5.2 x 8	M4	0.8
	0.2	FRN0.2E1□-2■	DCR2-0.2	66	56	90	12	5	94	3.2 X O	IVI4	0.6
	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-2■	DCR2-0.4	66	56	90	72	15	94	5.2 x 8	M4	1.0
	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-2■	DCR2-0.75	66	56	90	72	20	94	5.2 x 8	M4	1.4
Three-	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-2■	DCR2-1.5	66	56	90	72	20	94	5.2 x 8	M4	1.6
phase	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-2■	DCR2-2.2	86	71	100	80	10	110	6x11	M4	1.8
200V	3.7	FRN3.7E1□-2	DCR2-3.7	86	71	100	80	20	110	6x11	M4	2.6
	5.5	FRN5.5E1□-2	DCR2-5.5	111	95	100	80	20	130	6x11	M5	3.6
	7.5	FRN7.5E1□-2■	DCR2-7.5	111	95	100	80	23	130	7 x 11	M5	3.8
	11	FRN11E1□-2	DCR2-11	111	95	100	80	24	137	7 x 11	M6	4.3
	15	FRN15E1□-2	DCR2-15	146	124	120	96	15	180	7x11	M6	5.9
	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-4	DCR4-0.4	66	56	90	72	15	94	5.2 x 8	M4	1.0
	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-4■	DCR4-0.75	66	56	90	72	20	94	5.2 x 8	M4	1.4
	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-4■	DCR4-1.5	66	56	90	72	20	94	5.2 x 8	M4	1.6
Three-	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-4	DCR4-2.2	86	71	100	80	15	110	6x9	M4	2
phase	3.7	FRN3.7E1□-4	DCR4-3.7	86	71	100	80	20	110	6x9	M4	2.6
400V	5.5	FRN5.5E1□-4	DCR4-5.5	86	71	100	80	20	110	6x9	M4	2.6
	7.5	FRN7.5E1□-4	DCR4-7.5	111	95	100	80	24	130	7x11	M5	4.2
	11	FRN11E1□-4	DCR4-11	111	95	100	80	24	130	7x11	M5	4.3
	15	FRN15E1□-4	DCR4-15	146	124	120	96	15	171	7x11	M5	5.9
	0.1	FRN0.1E1□-7■	DCR2-0.2	66	56	90	72	5	94	5.2 x 8	M4	0.8
Cinala	0.2	FRN0.2E1□-7■	DCR2-0.4	66	56	90	72	15	94	5.2 x 8	M4	1.0
Single- phase	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-7■	DCR2-0.75	66	56	90	72	20	94	5.2 x 8	M4	1.4
200V	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-7	DCR2-1.5	66	56	90	72	20	94	5.2 x 8	M4	1.6
2001	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-7	DCR2-2.2	86	71	100	80	10	110	6x11	M4	1.8
	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-7	DCR2-3.7	86	71	100	80	20	110	6x11	M4	2.6

The code in ☐ represents followings; S: standard model, E: EMC filter built-in type The code in ■ represents followings; A(Asia), K(Korea, Taiwan), C(China), J(Japan)

## ■ Multi-function keypad (TP-G1)

Connection with FRENIC-Multi using an extension cable for remote operation (optional) enables remote operation, function code data setting, monitoring, etc. from the keypad keys and panel. The keypad is equipped with an LCD panel (with backlight) and the copy function (for three inverter data).

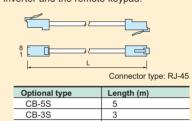


### **■** Extension cable for remote operation(CB-□s)

CB-1S

This is used to connect the inverter and the remote keypad.





# **Options**

### Interface card

#### RS-485 communication card (OPC-F1-RS)

Built-in type

Connection with a host (master) device such as PC or PLC allows you to control FRENIC-Multi as a subordinate (slave) device. (The card is added to the RS-485 communication devices for FRENIC-Multi.) NOTE: This option card cannot be connected with the keypad or a support loader.

- Number of connectable devices: 1 host device and 31 inverters
   Number of ports: 2 ports
   Electric specifications: EIA RS-485

- Synchronization method: Start/stop
  Communication method: Half-duplex
  Transmission speed (bps): 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 and 38400
- Maximum communication distance: 500m

Terminating resistor: Built-in

#### PG interface card (OPC-E1-PG) for 5V

Built-in type

When this card is built in the inverter, positioning accuracy will improve, resulting in reduced positioning time and improved measuring accuracy by the measuring instrument.

#### PG interface card (OPC-E1-PG3) for 12V

Incorporating the interface card in the inverter permits accurate speed control and position control. The interface card can be used simultaneously with the communication bus for FRENIC-Multi series, optional DeviceNet card (OPC-E1-DEV), CC-Link card (OPC-E1-CCL), and PROFIBUS-DP card (OPC-E1-PDP).

#### CC-Link card (OPC-E1-CCL)

Front installation type

Connection with the CC-Link master unit allows operation commands, freguency settings, function code changes, and centralized data management.

#### DeviceNet card (OPC-E1=DEV)

Front installation type

Connection with the DeviceNet master unit permits application to the system that requires operation commands and frequency settings.

#### DIO card (OPC-E1-DIO)

Front installation type

This card allows frequency setting or status monitoring by exchanging digital signal data with the host controller.

#### SY card (synchronized operation) NOTE2)

Built-in type

Using this card allows synchronized operation of the two motors having a pulse generator (PG).

#### PROFIBUS-DP card (OPC-E1-PDP)

Front installation type

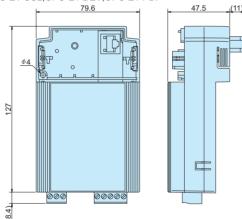
Connecting this card to the PROFIBUS master unit allows setting frequency or changing function codes. Number of connectable devices: Max. 126

Note1) An external power supply of 24V is needed to use a separately sold option card.

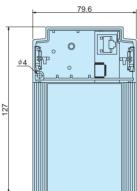
Note2) The inverter that can be used with the SY card includes special specifications. When ordering the SY card, please order together with the inverter

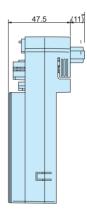
### ■ Front installation type External dimensions

●OPC-E1-CCL,OPC-E1-DEV,OPC-E1-PDP



#### ●OPC-E1-DIO

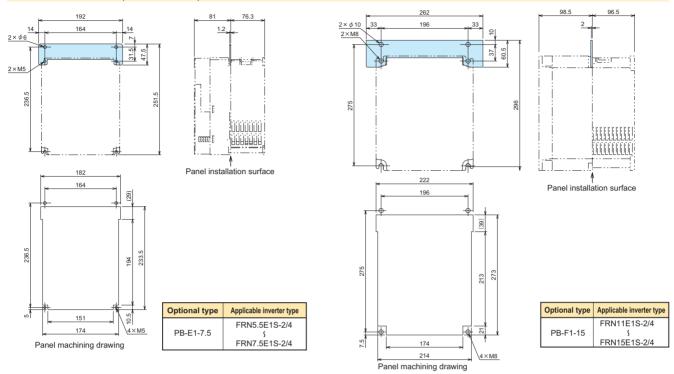




# **■** External cooling attachment

### External cooling attachment (PB-E1-7.5/PB-F1-15)

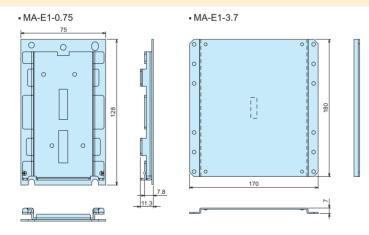
This attachment allows installation of the inverter heat sink outside the panel. With this attachment, it is possible to improve the cooling effect and to make the panel more compact.



# **■** Compatible attachment

#### Compatible attachment (MA-E1-

This attachment allows replacing our previous model with the new one without machining.



Optional type	Applicable inverter type	Previous inverter type
•MA-E1-0.75	FRN0.1E1S-2J FRN0.2E1S-2J FRN0.4E1S-2J FRN0.75E1S-2J FRN0.1E1S-7J FRN0.2E1S-7J FRN0.4E1S-7J	FVR0.1E11S-2 FVR0.2E11S-2 FVR0.4E11S-2 FVR0.75E11S-2 FVR0.1E11S-7 FVR0.2E11S-7 FVR0.4E11S-7
•MA-E1-3.7	FRN3.7E1S-2J FRN3.7E1S-4J FRN2.2E1S-7J	FVR3.7E11S-2 FVR3.7E11S-4 FVR2.2E11S-7

\*The table below shows the previous and new inverters with are compatible and do not need attachment for replacement.

compatible and do not need at	acriment for replacement.
Applicable inverter type	Previous inverter type
FRN1.5E1S-2J	FVR1.5E11S-2
FRN2.2E1S-2J	FVR2.2E11S-2
FRN0.4E1S-4J	FVR0.4E11S-4
FRN0.75E1S-4J	FVR0.75E11S-4
FRN1.5E1S-4J	FVR1.5E11S-4
FRN2.2E1S-4J	FVR2.2E11S-4
FRN1.5E1S-7J	FVR1.5E11S-7
FRN2.2E1S-7J	FVR2.2E11S-7
FRN5.5E1S-2J	FVR5.5E11S-2
FRN5.5E1S-4J	FVR5.5E11S-4
FRN7.5E1S-2J	FVR7.5E11S-2
FRN7.5E1S-4J	FVR7.5E11S-4

# **Options**

# **■** Devices requiring wiring

_			MCCB	, ELCB	Magne	etic contac	tor (MC)		Reco	mmend	ed cable s	ize (mm²)*	1						
Power supply voltage	Applicable motor rating (kW)	Inverter type		rrent (A)	Input	circuit	Output		wer input 2/S, L3/T)	Inverter	DC Reactor		For	For connection with Inverter					
voitage	(KVV)		With DCR	Without DCR	With DCR	Without DCR	circuit	With DCR	Without DCR		[P1, P (+)]	[P (+), DB	circuit						
	0.1	FRN0.1E1□-2■						2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0							
	0.2	FRN0.2E1□-2 <b>■</b>	_	5				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0							
	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-2 <b>■</b>	5			SC-05		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.75 to 1.25						
	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-2 <b>■</b>		10	SC-05	SC-05	SC-05	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0					
Three-	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-2 <b>■</b>	40	15				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0							
phase	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-2 <b>■</b>	10	20				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0							
200V	3.7	FRN3.7E1□-2 <b>■</b>	20	30		SC-4-0		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.23						
	5.5	FRN5.5E1□-2 <b>■</b>	30	50	SC-4-0	SC-5-1	SC-4-0	2.0	3.5	3.5	3.5	2.0		3.5					
	7.5	FRN7.5E1□-2 <b>■</b>	40	75	SC-5-1	SC-N1	SC-5-1	3.5	5.5	3.5	5.5	2.0		5.5					
	11	FRN11E1□-2 <b>■</b>	50	100	SC-N1	SC-N2S	SC-N1	5.5	14.0	8.0	8.0	2.0		0.0					
	15	FRN15E1□-2 <b>■</b>	75	125	SC-N2	SC-N3	SC-N2	14.0	22.0	14.0	14.0	2.0		8.0					
	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-4■		5				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0							
	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-4■	5			SC-05							2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		
	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-4 <b>■</b>		10				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0					
Three-	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-4■		15	SC-05	30-05	SC-05	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.75	2.0					
phase	3.7	FRN3.7E1□-4■	10	20				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	to						
400V	5.5	FRN5.5E1□-4 <b>■</b>	15	30				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.25						
	7.5	FRN7.5E1□-4 <b>■</b>	20	40		SC-4-0		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0							
	11	FRN11E1□-4 <b>■</b>	30	50	SC-4-0	SC-N1	SC-4-0	2.0	3.5	2.0	3.5	2.0		3.5					
	15	FRN15E1□-4 <b>■</b>	40	60	SC-5-1	00 111	SC-5-1	3.5	5.5	3.5	5.5	2.0							
	0.1	FRN0.1E1□-7 <b>■</b>		5				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0							
	0.2	FRN0.2E1□-7■	5	5				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.75 to 2.						
Single- phase	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-7 <b>■</b>		10	SC-05	SC-05	SC-05	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0		2.0					
200V	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-7 <b>■</b>	10		30-03		50-05	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0							
	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-7 <b>■</b>	15	20				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0							
	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-7 <b>■</b>	20	30		SC-5-1		2.0	3.5	2.0	2.0	2.0							

The code in ☐ represents followings; S: standard model, E: EMC filter built-in type
The code in ☐ represents followings; A(Asia), K(Korea, Taiwan), C(China), J(Japan)
Note1) An external power supply of 24V is needed to use a separately sold option card.
Note2) The inverter that can be used with the SY card includes special specifications. When ordering the SY card, please order together with the inverter in a set.

The frame and series of the MCCB and ELCB models vary according to the transformer capacity and so on of the equipment. Choose the optimum ones according to the catalog and technical data of the circuit breaker and others.

Choose the optimum rated sensitive current of the ELCB according to technical data, too. The rated currents of the MCCB and ELCB specified in this table indicate those of SA□B/□ and SA□R/□ models.

Description in the above table may vary for different ambient temperatures, power supply voltages or other conditions.

The cable to be used is 600V-insulated cable with an allowable temperature of 75°C. The ambient temperature is assumed to be 50°C.

# **Guideline for Suppressing Harmonics**

### ■ Application to "Guideline for Suppressing Harmonics by the Users Who Receive High Voltage or Special High Voltage"

Our FRENIC-Multi series are the products specified in the "Guideline for Suppressing Harmonics by Customers Receiving High Voltage or Special High Voltage." When you enter into a new contract with an electric power company or update a contract, you are requested by the electric power company to submit an accounting statement form.

#### (1) Scope of regulation

In principle, the guideline applies to the customers that meet the following two conditions:

- The customer receives high voltage or special high voltage.
- The "equivalent capacity" of the converter load exceeds the standard value for the receiving voltage (50kVA at a receiving voltage of 6.6kV).

#### (2) Regulation method

The level (calculated value) of the harmonic current that flows from the customer's receiving point out to the system is subjected to the regulation. The regulation value is proportional to the contract demand. The regulation values specified in the guideline are shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Upper limits of harmonic outflow current per kW of contract demand [mA/kW]

тепете т е р												
Receiving voltage	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23th	Over 25th				
6.6kV	3.5	2.5	1.6	1.3	1.0	0.90	0.76	0.70				
22kV	1.8	1.3	0.82	0.69	0.53	0.47	0.39	0.36				

#### 1. Calculation of Equivalent Capacity (Pi)

Although the equivalent capacity (Pi) is calculated using the equation of (input rated capacity) x (conversion factor), catalog of conventional inverters do not contain input rated capacities. A description of the input rated capacity is shown below:

#### (1) "Inverter rated capacity" corresponding to "Pi"

- · Calculate the input fundamental current I1 from the kW rating and efficiency of the load motor, as well as the efficiency of the inverter. Then, calculate the input rated capacity as shown below: Input rated capacity =  $\sqrt{3}$  x (power supply voltage) x I<sub>1</sub> x 1.0228/1000[kVA] Where 1.0228 is the 6-pulse converter's value obtained by (effective current) / (fundamental current)
- When a general-purpose motor or inverter motor is used, the appropriate value shown in Table 2 can be used. Select a value based on the kW rating of the motor used, irrespective of the inverter type.

Table 2 "Input rated capacities" of general-purpose inverters determined by the nominal applied motors

Nominal applie	d motor [kW]	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5
Pi	200V	0.57	0.97	1.95	2.81	4.61	6.77	9.07	13.1	17.6	21.8
[kVA]	400V	0.57	0.97	1.95	2.81	4.61	6.77	9.07	13.1	17.6	21.8

#### (2) Values of "Ki (conversion factor)"

• Depending on whether an optional ACR (AC REACTOR) or DCR (DC REACTOR) is used, apply the appropriate conversion factor specified in the appendix to the guideline. The values of the converter factor are shown in Table 3

Table 3 "Conversion factors Ki" for general-purpose inverters determined by reactors

Circuit category	Cir	cuit type	Conversion factor Ki	Main applications
		Without a reactor	K31=3.4	General-purpose inverters
	Three-phase bridge 3 (capacitor smoothing)	With a reactor (ACR)	K32=1.8	Elevators
		With a reactor (DCR)	K33=1.8	<ul> <li>Refrigerators, air conditioning systems</li> </ul>
		With reactors (ACR and DCR)	K34=1.4	Other general appliances

#### 2. Calculation of Harmonic Current

### (1) Value of "input fundamental current"

- Apply the appropriate value shown in Table 4 based on the kW rating of the motor, irrespective of the inverter type or whether a reactor is used.
- \* If the input voltage is different, calculate the input fundamental current in inverse proportion to the voltage

Table 4 "Input fundamental currents" of general-purpose inverters determined by the nominal applied motors

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Nominal applied motor [kW]		0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7	5.5	7.5	11	15	18.5
Input fundamental	200V	1.62	2.74	5.50	7.92	13.0	19.1	25.6	36.9	49.8	61.4
current [A]	400V	0.81	1.37	2.75	3.96	6.50	9.55	12.8	18.5	24.9	30.7
6.6 kV converted	value [mA]	49	83	167	240	394	579	776	1121	1509	1860

#### (2) Calculation of harmonic current

Table 5 Generated harmonic current [%], 3-phase bridge (capacitor smoothing)

Degree	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23th	25th
Without a reactor	65	41	8.5	7.7	4.3	3.1	2.6	1.8
With a reactor (ACR)	38	14.5	7.4	3.4	3.2	1.9	1.7	1.3
With a reactor (DCR)	30	13	8.4	5.0	4.7	3.2	3.0	2.2
With reactors (ACR and DCR)	28	9.1	7.2	4.1	3.2	2.4	1.6	1.4

- ACR: 3%
- DCR: Accumulated energy equal to 0.08 to 0.15ms (100% load conversion)
- Smoothing capacitor: Accumulated energy equal to 15 to 30ms (100% load conversion)

■ nth harmonic current [A] = Fundamental current [A] x Generated nth harmonic current [%]

Calculate the harmonic current of each degree using the following equation:

#### (3) Maximum availability factor

- For a load for elevators, which provides intermittent operation, or a load with a sufficient designed motor rating, reduce the current by multiplying the equation by the "maximum availability factor" of the load.
- The "maximum availability factor of an appliance" means the ratio of the capacity of the harmonic generator in operation at which the availability reaches the maximum, to its total capacity, and the capacity of the generator in operation is an average for 30 minutes.
- In general, the maximum availability factor is calculated according to this definition, but the standard values shown in Table 6 are recommended for inverters for building equipment.

Table 6 Availability factors of inverters, etc. for building equipment (standard values)

Equipment type	Inverter capacity category	Single inverter availability factor
Air conditioning avetom	200kW or less	0.55
Air conditioning system	Over 200kW	0.60
Sanitary pump		0.30
Elevator		0.25
Refrigerator, freezer	50kW or less	0.60
UPS (6-pulse)	200kVA	0.60

#### [Correction coefficient according to contract demand level]

 Since the total availability factor decreases with increase in the building scale, calculating reduced harmonics with the correction coefficient's defined in Table 7 below is permitted.

shown in Table 7, calculate the value by interpolation.

Table 7 Correction coefficient according to the building scale \*If the contract demand is between two specified values

Contract demand [kW]	Correction coefficient β
300	1.00
500	0.90
1000	0.85
2000	0.80

(4) Degree of harmonics to be calculated Calculate only the "5th and 7th" harmonic currents

# Warranty

# To all our customers who purchase Fuji Electric FA Components & Systems' products:

#### Please take the following items into consideration when placing your order.

When requesting an estimate and placing your orders for the products included in these materials, please be aware that any items such as specifications which are not specifically mentioned in the contract, catalog, specifications or other materials will be as mentioned below.

In addition, the products included in these materials are limited in the use they are put to and the place where they can be used, etc., and may require periodic inspection. Please confirm these points with your sales representative or directly with this company.

Furthermore, regarding purchased products and delivered products, we request that you take adequate consideration of the necessity of rapid receiving inspections and of product management and maintenance even before receiving your products.

#### 1. Free of Charge Warranty Period and Warranty Range

#### 1-1 Free of charge warranty period

- (1) The product warranty period is "1 year from the date of purchase" or 24 months from the manufacturing date imprinted on the name place, whichever date is earlier.
- (2) However, in cases where the use environment, conditions of use, use frequency and times used, etc., have an effect on product life, this warranty period may not apply.
- (3) Furthermore, the warranty period for parts restored by Fuji Electric's Service Department is "6 months from the date that repairs are completed."

#### 1-2 Warranty range

- (1) In the event that breakdown occurs during the product's warranty period which is the responsibility of Fuji Electric, Fuji Electric will replace or repair the part of the product that has broken down free of charge at the place where the product was purchased or where it was delivered. However, if the following cases are applicable, the terms of this warranty may not apply.
  - 1) The breakdown was caused by inappropriate conditions, environment, handling or use methods, etc. which are not specified in the catalog, operation manual, specifications or other relevant documents.
  - 2) The breakdown was caused by the product other than the purchased or delivered Fuji's product.
  - The breakdown was caused by the product other than Fuji's product, such as the customer's equipment or software design, etc.
  - 4) Concerning the Fuji's programmable products, the breakdown was caused by a program other than a program supplied by this company, or the results from using such a program.
  - 5) The breakdown was caused by modifications or repairs affected by a party other than Fuji Electric.
  - 6) The breakdown was caused by improper maintenance or replacement using consumables, etc. specified in the operation manual or catalog, etc.
  - 7) The breakdown was caused by a chemical or technical problem that was not foreseen when making practical application of the product at the time it was purchased or delivered.
  - 8) The product was not used in the manner the product was originally intended to be used.
  - 9) The breakdown was caused by a reason which is not this company's responsibility, such as lightning or other disaster.
- (2) Furthermore, the warranty specified herein shall be limited to the purchased or delivered product alone.
- (3) The upper limit for the warranty range shall be as specified in item (1) above and any damages (damage to or loss of machinery or equipment, or lost profits from the same, etc.) consequent to or resulting from breakdown of the purchased or delivered product shall be excluded from coverage by this warranty.

#### 1-3. Trouble diagnosis

As a rule, the customer is requested to carry out a preliminary trouble diagnosis. However, at the customer's request, this company or its service network can perform the trouble diagnosis on a chargeable basis. In this case, the customer is asked to assume the burden for charges levied in accordance with this company's fee schedule.

#### 2. Exclusion of Liability for Loss of Opportunity, etc.

Regardless of whether a breakdown occurs during or after the free of charge warranty period, this company shall not be liable for any loss of opportunity, loss of profits, or damages arising from special circumstances, secondary damages, accident compensation to another company, or damages to products other than this company's products, whether foreseen or not by this company, which this company is not be responsible for causing.

#### 3. Repair Period after Production Stop, Spare Parts Supply Period (Holding Period)

Concerning models (products) which have gone out of production, this company will perform repairs for a period of 7 years after production stop, counting from the month and year when the production stop occurs. In addition, we will continue to supply the spare parts required for repairs for a period of 7 years, counting from the month and year when the production stop occurs. However, if it is estimated that the life cycle of certain electronic and other parts is short and it will be difficult to procure or produce those parts, there may be cases where it is difficult to provide repairs or supply spare parts even within this 7-year period. For details, please confirm at our company's business office or our service office.

#### 4. Transfer Rights

In the case of standard products which do not include settings or adjustments in an application program, the products shall be transported to and transferred to the customer and this company shall not be responsible for local adjustments or trial operation.

#### 5. Service Contents

The cost of purchased and delivered products does not include the cost of dispatching engineers or service costs. Depending on the request, these can be discussed separately.

#### 6. Applicable Scope of Service

Above contents shall be assumed to apply to transactions and use of the country where you purchased the products. Consult the local supplier or Fuji for the detail separately.



# Fuji Inverter Series Catalogs





- 1. Use the contents of this catalog only for selecting product types and models. When using a product, read the Instruction Manual beforehand to use the product correctly.

  2. Products introduced in this catalog have not been designed or manufactured for such applications in a system or equipment that will affect human bodies or lives. Customers, who want to use the products introduced in this catalog for special systems or devices such as for atomic-energy control, aerospace use, medical use, and traffic control, are requested to consult the Fuji's Sales Division. Customers are requested to prepare safety measures when they apply the products introduced in this catalog to such systems or facilities that will affect human lives or cause severe damage to property if the products become faulty.

# Fuji Inverter Series

# ●The rich lineup of the active Fuji inverter family

Applications	Series Name (Catalog No.)	Features						
	Compact inverter  FRENIC-Mini  (MEH441 for JE)  (MEH451 for EN)	<ul> <li>A frequency setting device is standard-equipped, making operation simple.</li> <li>Loaded with auto torque boost, current limiting, and slip compensation functions, all of which are ideal for controlling traverse conveyors.</li> <li>Loaded with the functions for auto energy saving operation and PID control, which are ideal for controlling fans and pumps.</li> </ul>						
	Fan, pump inverter  FRENIC-ECO  (MEH442)	<ul> <li>Developed exclusively for controlling variable torque load like fans and pumps.</li> <li>Full of new functions such as auto energy saving, PID control, life warning, and switching sequence to the commercial power supply.</li> <li>Ideal for air conditioners, fans, pumps, etc. which were difficult to use with conventional general-purpose inverters because of cost or functions.</li> </ul>						
	High performance, compact inverter  FRENIC-Multi  (MEH652 for JE)  (MEH653 for EN)	The inverter featuring environment-friendly and long life design (10 years) complies with RoHS Directives (products manufactured beginning in the autumn of 2005).  With expanded capacity range, abundant model variation, and simple and thorough maintenance, the Multi is usable for a wide range of applications.  Equipped with the functions optimum for the operations specific to vertical and horizontal conveyance, such as hit-and-stop control, brake signal, torque limit, and current limit.						
General Industrial equipment	High-performance, multi-functional inverter multi-functional  FRENIC 5000G11S  (MEH403 for JE)  (MEH413 for EN)	<ul> <li>Fuji's original dynamic torque vector control system delivers a starting torque of 200% at 0.5Hz.</li> <li>These inverters are packed with a full range of convenient functions, beginning with an auto tuning function.</li> <li>Compact, fully enclosed (22kW and below).</li> </ul>						
	Fan, pump inverter FRENIC 5000P11S (MEH403)	<ul> <li>Suitable for fans and pumps.</li> <li>The built-in automatic energy-saving function makes energy saving operation easy.</li> <li>An interactive keypad is standard-equipped for ease of operation.</li> </ul>						
	High performance, vector control inverter FRENIC 5000VG7S (MEH405)	<ul> <li>A high precision inverter with rapid control response and stable torque characteristics.</li> <li>Abundant functions and a full range of options make this inverter ideal for a broad range of general industrial systems.</li> <li>The auto tuning function makes vector control operation possible even for general-purpose motors.</li> </ul>						
	High-performance, multi-functional inverter  FRENIC-MEGA  (MEH642 for JE)  (MEH655 for EN)	Three-phase 400V: 0.4 to 630kW,Three-phase 200V: 0.4 to 90kW  Loaded with vector control which is the peak of general purpose inverters.  Prepared three types; the basic type, EMC filter built-in type.  Maintainability is further improved with built-in USB port(option).  The short-time acceleration and deceleration become enabled with achieving better rating of overload ratings at HD spec: 200% for 3 sec and 150% for 1 min and at LD spec: 120% for 1 min.						
Power regeneration function	Inverter with the power supply regeneration function FRENIC 5000MG5	<ul> <li>A separate converter is used, and up to 2 drive units can be connected to a single converter unit.</li> <li>The power regeneration function is standard-equipped in the converter unit.</li> <li>These inverters can be used for general-purpose motors.</li> </ul>						

New Yorks   10   2   2   3   5   5   5   1   5   6   5   2   3   3   5   5   5   1   6   6   2   3   3   5   5   5   5   5   5   5   5																	:	Sta	anda	ard			Bui	lt-to	-ord	er [		] :A	wai	lable	e so	on
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Prince 200V   Single 200V	Three phase 200V		0.2						_						55	75	90				_	_		-	+					$\dashv$	$\dashv$	_
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# **MEMO**



# **MEMO**



#### When running general-purpose motors

#### Driving a 400V general-purpose motor

When driving a 400V general-purpose motor with an inverter using extremely long cables, damage to the insulation of the motor may occur. Use an output circuit filter (OFL) if necessary after checking with the motor manufacturer. Fuji's motors do not require the use of output circuit filters because of their reinforced insulation.

• Torque characteristics and temperature rise When the inverter is used to run a general-purpose motor, the temperature of the motor becomes higher than when it is operated using a commercial power supply. In the low-speed range, the cooling effect will be weakened, so decrease the output torque of the motor. If constant torque is required in the low-speed range, use a Fuji inverter motor or a motor equipped with an externally powered ventilating fan.

#### Vibration

When the motor is mounted to a machine, resonance may be caused by the natural frequencies, including that of the machine. Operation of a 2-pole motor at 60Hz or more may cause abnormal vibration.

- \* Study use of tier coupling or dampening rubber.
- \* It is also recommended to use the inverter jump frequency control to avoid resonance points.

#### Noise

When an inverter is used with a general-purpose motor, the motor noise level is higher than that with a commercial power supply. To reduce noise, raise carrier frequency of the inverter. High-speed operation at 60Hz or more can also result in more noise.

#### When running special motors

#### High-speed motors

When driving a high-speed motor while setting the frequency higher than 120Hz, test the combination with another motor to confirm the safety of high-speed motors.

#### • Explosion-proof motors

When driving an explosion-proof motor with an inverter, use a combination of a motor and an inverter that has been approved in advance.

#### • Submersible motors and pumps

These motors have a larger rated current than general-purpose motors. Select an inverter whose rated output current is greater than that of the

These motors differ from general-purpose motors in thermal characteristics. Set a low value in the thermal time constant of the motor when setting the electronic thermal facility.

#### Brake motors

For motors equipped with parallel-connected brakes, their braking power must be supplied from the primary circuit (commercial power supply). If the brake power is connected to the inverter power output circuit (secondary circuit) by mistake, problems may occur.

Do not use inverters for driving motors equipped with series-connected brakes.

#### Geared motors

If the power transmission mechanism uses an oil-

lubricated gearbox or speed changer/reducer, then continuous motor operation at low speed may cause poor lubrication. Avoid such operation.

#### Synchronous motors

It is necessary to use software suitable for this motor type. Contact Fuji for details.

#### Single-phase motors

Single-phase motors are not suitable for inverterdriven variable speed operation. Use three-phase motors.

\* Even if a single-phase power supply is available, use a three-phase motor as the inverter provides three-phase output.

#### **Environmental conditions**

#### • Installation location

Use the inverter in a location with an ambient temperature range of -10 to 50°C.

The inverter and braking resistor surfaces become hot under certain operating conditions. Install the inverter on nonflammable material such as metal. Ensure that the installation location meets the environmental conditions specified in "Environment" in inverter specifications.

#### Combination with peripheral devices

# Installing a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)

Install a recommended molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) or an earth leakage circuit breaker (ELCB) in the primary circuit of each inverter to protect the wiring. Ensure that the circuit breaker capacity is equivalent to or lower than the recommended capacity.

#### Installing a magnetic contactor (MC) in the output (secondary) circuit

If a magnetic contactor (MC) is mounted in the inverter's secondary circuit for switching the motor to commercial power or for any other purpose, ensure that both the inverter and the motor are fully stopped before you turn the MC on or off. Remove the surge killer integrated with the MC.

# Installing a magnetic contactor (MC) in the input (primary) circuit

Do not turn the magnetic contactor (MC) in the primary circuit on or off more than once an hour as an inverter fault may result. If frequent starts or stops are required during motor operation, use FWD/REV signals.

#### Protecting the motor

The electronic thermal facility of the inverter can protect the motor. The operation level and the motor type (general-purpose motor, inverter motor) should be set. For high-speed motors or water-cooled motors, set a small value for the thermal time constant to protect the motor.

If you connect the motor thermal relay to the motor with a long cable, a high-frequency current may flow into the wiring stray capacitance. This may cause the relay to trip at a current lower than the set value for the thermal relay. If this happens, lower the carrier frequency or use the output circuit filter (OFL).

# Discontinuance of power-factor correcting capacitor Do not mount power factor correcting capacitors in the inverter (primary) circuit. (Use the DC REACTOR to improve the inverter power factor.) Do

not use power factor correcting capacitors in the inverter output circuit (secondary). An overcurrent trip will occur, disabling motor operation.

#### • Discontinuance of surge killer

Do not mount surge killers in the inverter output (secondary) circuit.

#### • Reducing noise

Use of a filter and shielded wires are typical measures against noise to ensure that EMC Directives are met.

#### . Measures against surge currents

If an overvoltage trip occurs while the inverter is stopped or operated under a light load, it is assumed that the surge current is generated by open/close of the phase-advancing capacitor in the power system.

We recommend connecting a DC REACTOR to the inverter.

#### Megger test

When checking the insulation resistance of the inverter, use a 500V megger and follow the instructions contained in the Instruction Manual.

#### Wiring

#### · Wiring distance of control circuit

When performing remote operation, use the twisted shield wire and limit the distance between the inverter and the control box to 20m.

#### · Wiring length between inverter and motor

If long wiring is used between the inverter and the motor, the inverter will overheat or trip as a result of overcurrent (high-frequency current flowing into the stray capacitance) in the wires connected to the phases. Ensure that the wiring is shorter than 50m. If this length must be exceeded, lower the carrier frequency or mount an output circuit filter (OFL).

#### Wiring size

Select cables with a sufficient capacity by referring to the current value or recommended wire size.

### Wiring type

Do not use multicore cables that are normally used for connecting several inverters and motors.

#### Grounding

Securely ground the inverter using the grounding terminal.

#### Selecting inverter capacity

#### • Driving general-purpose motor

Select an inverter according to the applicable motor ratings listed in the standard specifications table for the inverter. When high starting torque is required or quick acceleration or deceleration is required, select an inverter with a capacity one size greater than the standard.

#### Driving special motors

Select an inverter that meets the following condition: Inverter rated current > Motor rated current.

#### Transportation and storage

When transporting or storing inverters, follow the procedures and select locations that meet the environmental conditions that agree with the inverter specifications.

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